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#### **AGENDA**

Pwyllgor PWYLLGOR CRAFFU'R ECONOMI A DIWYLLIANT

Dyddiad ac amser y cyfarfod

DYDD IAU, 16 IONAWR 2020, 4.30 PM

Lleoliad YSTAFELL BWYLLGOR 4 - NEUADD Y SIR

Aelodaeth Cynghorydd Howells (Cadeirydd)

Y Cynghorwyr Henshaw, Gordon, Gavin Hill-John, Parkhill, Robson,

Sattar, Stubbs a/ac Simmons

Tua Amser.

#### 1 Ymddiheuriadau am Absenoldeb

Derbyn ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb.

#### 2 Datgan Buddiannau

I'w gwneud ar ddechrau'r eitem agenda dan sylw, yn unol â Chod Ymddygiad yr Aelodau.

**3 Cofnodion** (Tudalennau 3 - 14)

Cymeradwyo cofnodion y cyfarfod a gynhaliwyd ar 5 & 17 Rhagfyr 2019 fel rhai cywir.

4 Addewid Caerdydd Diweddariad (Tudalennau 15 - 20) 4.30 pm

5 Adolygiad Awdurdod Harbwr Caerdydd: Diweddariad (*Tudalennau* 5.15 pm 21 - 78)

6 Craffu Byr Diwylliant: Y Camau Nesaf (Tudalennau 79 - 82) 6.00 pm

Atodiad A - i ddilyn.

**7 Gohebiaeth** (Tudalennau 83 - 86) 6.20 pm

8 Eitemau Brys (os oes rhai)

#### 9 Dyddiad y cyfarfod nesaf

Cynhelir cyfarfod nesaf Pwyllgor Craffu'r Economi a Diwylliant, sef Craffu'r Gyllideb 18 Chwefror 2020 am 4.30pm, yn Ystafell Bwyllgor 4.

#### Davina Fiore Cyfarwyddwr Llywodraethu a Gwasanaethau Cyfreithiol

Dyddiad: Dydd Gwener, 10 Ionawr 2020

Cyswllt: Andrea Redmond, 02920 872434, a.redmond@caerdydd.gov.uk

#### **ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

#### **5 DECEMBER 2019**

Present: Councillor Howells(Chairperson)

Councillors Henshaw, Gavin Hill-John, Parkhill and Robson

40 : APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

The Chairperson welcomed Naz Ismail to her first meeting, as the Youth Council representative on this Committee.

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Sattar & Simmons.

41 : DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

None received.

42 : MINUTES

The minutes of the meeting held on 3 October 2019 were agreed as a correct record and signed by the Chairperson.

43 : CULTURE SHORT SCRUTINY

The Chairperson advised Committee that this item was the second part of its short scrutiny into the current and future role of Culture in the economy of Cardiff. The papers contain a summary of the main points from Committee's October meeting on Culture, at Appendix A, and, at Appendix B, written submissions received from Arts Council of Wales, David Drake – Ffotogallery, Literature Wales and Chris Murray, Core Cities.

The Chairperson advised that there would be a slightly different style of meeting, so rather than the usual Q&A, there would be a panel discussion with key stakeholders – external and internal - to explore the place-making and economic role of Culture and what the Council and partners need to do to ensure a sustainable way forward for Culture in Cardiff. There were a number of areas that the Committee wished to explore, as listed at point 14 of the cover report, which included:

- Partnership working
- Marketing
- Role of the Council
- Cultural Compacts.

The Chairperson welcomed the following to the discussion:

Andy Eagle – Chief Executive – Chapter Arts Centre Paul Kaynes – Chief Executive, National Dance Company of Wales Cllr Peter Bradbury, Cabinet Member for Culture & Leisure

Neil Hanratty – Director of Economic Development
 Kathryn Richards – Head of Culture, Venues, Tourism & Events
 Jon Day – Operational Manager
 Ruth Cayford – Creative Industries & Culture Manager

The Chairperson noted that unfortunately, Neil Wicks – Deputy Director General, National Museum Wales, was unwell and unable to attend and colleagues were unable to attend in his place due to diary commitments elsewhere. However, they will be submitting a written contribution in lieu of their attendance today and Committee looks forward to receiving their input that way.

#### Andy Eagle - Chief Executive - Chapter Arts Centre

Andy Eagle stated that 2021 will be 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary of Chapter. It was established by 6 visual artists to create/ display work, in partnership with Council and has developed to its current position with 116 direct employees, 140 people who work out of Chapter buildings and 38 companies based within footprint of Chapter. It is a major economic creative hub in Cardiff with a wish to expand and build on this for Chapter and for whole creative industries across the city region. Films/ events/BBC programmes all illustrate that creative industries are massively important part of fabric of city – economically and for quality of life, it helps with health and well-being, creates wealth and provides a hub for enjoyment of the arts and for people to create art and benefit from the wellness that this brings. There are approx. 750,000 visits per annum, a large programme of artist development and support plus regular classes for community groups – dance/ guitar/ music etc. It should be embraced, celebrated and taken forward to other centres in the city, if budgets and political leaders will support this. Arts can be transformative for any city and Cardiff is ideally placed to take advantage of this.

Paul Kaynes – Chief Executive, National Dance Company of Wales NDC Paul Kaynes explained that NDC Wales is based in Cardiff but tours across whole of Wales and rest of UK as well as internationally – last year, it toured in Germany, Hong Kong, Poland, Austria and Switzerland and so helps to promote Wales and Cardiff as it tours. This year it is also touring in Korea, Netherlands and United States of America. The Company creates contemporary dance performances and offers support for dance, developing wellbeing and creativity across the age spectrum there is a Youth Company as well as weekly dance classes for people with Parkinson's Disease. NDC Wales also works in schools, sometimes intensively as recently in Cantonian High School and Allensbank School; and for all pupils, including pupils with special needs such as Autism. The Company has £1.5M turnover, with grants from ACW as well as earning and fundraising itself. It employs a standing group of dancers, including international dancers who then base themselves in Wales. It invests in training and the development of dancers and producing and touring dance. Its work attracts visitors to Cardiff and Wales, for example visitors came from Switzerland and North West England to watch its Parade performances delivered across Wales. He believes that there are opportunities for the 7 national companies based in Cardiff, funded by the Arts Council Wales, to collaborate more and work together more, for example on international work. There is combined impact of the 7 national companies based in Cardiff, a large number of people working for these organisations live in Cardiff and make work/ products here, contributing to the economy and creative life of the city.

Paul Kayne was interested in how to join up more with other cultural organisations/ work in Cardiff, as they do in other cities, such as Newcastle/ Gateshead. He considered that this could help to improve the reach of cultural work in Cardiff,

diversifying audiences by extending into communities and breaking into new areas of Cardiff.

The Chairperson thanks the external witnesses for their contribution and invited the Cabinet Member to make a statement in which he said that it was great to see Andy & Paul at the meeting and to hear about ways to collaborate. The Cabinet Member was proud of the work the Council has done with Chapter and recent work to secure the lease, and he was interested to see more detail regarding the Newcastle/ Gateshead model.

The Chairperson invited questions and comments from Members:

Members asked what the external witnesses see a Cultural Strategy looking like. Andy Eagle considered that it needs to recognise working parts of city so, national companies but also local, grassroots activity such as 'Made in Roath' festival; community activities that need to engage with and assess as part of strategy. It needs to recognise the enormous value of arts. He was pleased to be working with Cardiff Council to create greater capacity for creative industries and jobs. There was a need to look at power and leverage of Cardiff Council to support development, not grant-aid but leverage regarding borrowing/ lending in a supportive way to help develop the industry and be sustainable. Chapter is very effective in terms of public subsidy, just 16% and raise the rest. Public investment leads to overall return in terms of money and wellbeing and was enormous value for money. Cardiff Council needs to be creative in the approaches it takes and Chapter welcomes this.

Members referred to Invest to Save and that arts and culture contribute to health and wellbeing and thus reduce the need for services, but Council budgets have to be focused on social care/ education/ health and so leaves little money to put into arts and culture. Officers explained that there are so many ways the Council can contribute, not just money but innovative approaches such as the work with Chapter. There needed to be a shift from giving money or running venues to working with them.

Members asked how are the Council are working with and helping Chapter? Officers advised that they are looking at assets sale and consolidation of offer on main site and are looking at incubator units that Chapter will then run and earn monies from.

Paul Kaynes considered Cardiff's cultural offer to be very distinctive and exceptionally high quality. Cardiff benefits from having 7 national companies based there. He stated that sometimes it feels that Cardiff doesn't make the most of this and there was a need to promote the cultural offer more, work together to coordinate and lead promotion offers and define what is distinctive e.g. Music but also offer other art forms that Cardiff can make more of. The Cabinet Member added that they have had cultural conversations with communities around how to promote offers such as dance/ WMC/ NT/ Chapter etc. The Council do facilitate these meetings but do get side-tracked, for example Capital of Culture. There is a need to refocus with regards to marketing Cardiff's cultural offer and it needs the sector to lead on this as well not just Council. The Council can facilitate and support but not impose, it needs to be grassroots up.

Members asked what needed to be done differently to drive forward the marketing of our cultural offer, and why was the Capital of Culture a side track? The Cabinet Member explained that the bids for Capital of Culture, even though it didn't progress because of lack of funds, helped with the Womanby St Campaign and has led to other good outcomes such as the work with Chapter. Now, the Council are focusing on Music Strategy but also recognise that need to focus on the wider cultural offer and that need to move the conversation on to what is neededto promote the whole cultural offer. Officers added that they used Capital Culture as a galvanising force which led to Signature Event and Music Strategy, they needed to join the dots and it acted as catalyst. Members noted that it was a one off if catalyst and not legacy based with regards to arts and creative culture. Officers agreed and stated that's what was needed to build in 2008 and it should have kept that momentum. Paul Kaynes added that he was in Birmingham in 2008 and there was a catalyst with a lasting legacy but we are now in different times with different levels of resources and leadership is key. He made reference to Newcastle Cultural Venues and Birmingham Cultural Centre which are led by cultural sectors; Consortia set agendas, find resources and are effective.

Members asked what else was needed? Paul Kayne considered that some international events and to make the most of what we've got e.g. Festival of Voice, Diffusion Festival (mentioned in David Drake's written submission to this Committee), IRIS Film Festival etc. To celebrate these and make the most of them. Officers added that the cultural cities enquiry mentions cultural compacts being looked at by Birmingham and others, and noted that Cardiff are also looking at this. The Cabinet Member added that Cardiff has a good leader in Cllr Thomas, he is the lead member for Culture for Core Cities. The Director agreed with a Signature event and with celebrating what we already do really well and there was a need to pull it together and programme it over the course of 2-3 weeks and promote it widely.

Naz Ismail was interested to test the part of young people and children with regards to decisions and asked how the Council meets its statutory duty on this, regarding Culture and the Music Strategy? The Cabinet Member explained that Cardiff Council involves them and puts Culture at the heart of everyday life in schools, for example Western High has a partnership approach with BBC Wales and cultural leaders, they are in there every day, interacting with young people in deprived areas and The Cabinet Member goes there to do Q&A regarding the cultural offer. With regard to the Well Being Future Generations Act, that is now referenced in every report to Cabinet. With reference to the Music Strategy, it was 18-36 year olds who were most up in arms about Womanby Street, this grass roots campaign had a direct impact on what the Council did. A lot of work has already been done but the Cabinet Member felt that we can always do more to meet with Youth Council and young people to see what can be done, to listen more and cater our offer accordingly. Officers added that a Signature Event will cover all genres, all ages and all levels, it will be inclusive and in line with the Future Generations Act. Consultation and engagement had also taken place with young people, via the Sound Diplomacy work, and issues raised were taken to Council, such as accessing venues and the regulatory side (Shared Regulatory Services) and how the Council needs to have more performance spaces open to young people. The Cabinet Member added that they had heard about issues to do with attitudes to licensing and regulation of, for example, grime music, young people ventilated these issues and the Council needs to do more of this. Andy Eagle felt assured that it was in the DNA of cultural organisations to work cute and listen to

young people, it creates audiences and talents of the future. As part of Arts Council of Wales funding and British Film Industry funding, Chapter has to target engagement with young people, via screenings and education work.

Naz Ismail asked if there was extra funding for young people in deprived communities to have access to culture. Andy Eagle said that absolutely there was, access is a core part of Chapters ticketing and targeting and they want to increase the number of young people through its doors. It does well with some communities but not others and they want to rise to the challenge. Paul Kaynes added that they give young people a voice by enabling them to make their own work and provide a platform for youth dancers across Cardiff and South Wales, giving the example of a current youth event at the WMC. He explained that they raise funding from trusts and foundations to subsidise their bursaries. They recognise there are barriers, including money, social class, experiences and gender, for example boys & young men face barriers to dance.

Naz Ismail asked in terms of accessibility and diversity, whether there was any outreach and engagement into communities such as Canton and Grangetown (adjacent to Chapter) and into BME communities. Andy Eagle said they do but they could do more. He provided an example, last week they held a film workshop day for BME filmmakers, it had circa 80 attendees. They also host Gentle Radical workshops for BME communities. They have monies from other trusts to do more work with these communities.

Members noted that underlying a lot of the discussion on this issue is the need to market the cultural offer of Cardiff. Members asked if the Signature Event was going to be used to market the city, and asked the external witnesses what they thought of that approach. Officers advised that the external witnesses have not been fully briefed on this but the Signature Event would only be part of it. There was a need to collectively think about how to market Cardiff so people outside Cardiff know of it, via Music Board

Members asked about the dance offer and other cultural offers from Cardiff. The Cabinet Member advised that would be part of the cultural strategy and agenda to promote all forms of Culture. Paul Kaynes stated that he is not fully aware of the Signature Event scope and plan. He has however, observed from previous work that 1) residents are the most important advocates with regards to events as attendees, hosts and interacting with visitors; local 'hearts and minds' are important and 2) the recent event 'Russia 17' was partially successful because of a lack of investment in clear PR/ media strategy that was externally focused. Andy Eagle agreed and considered that, alongside a signature event, there was a need to recognise what we have in the city, what a very good offer it is and there needs to be a voice of clarity about this nationally and internationally, about what a good cultural offer it is. There is a need to learn lessons from other cities on how they get clarity on the cultural message e.g. Manchester, see what they've done, and recognise that investment is needed into media to get the product out.

Members asked if there was a need to pin this onto a particular genre of culture. Andy Eagle stated that you can, but don't have to, for example, Hull (recent City Of Culture) has a broad cultural offer that encompasses all arts but also sports as well. Paul Kayne added that Manchester did that. They also used branding – original and

modern – right across arts forms and festivals and the branding and messaging was original, modern and innovative. Andy Eagle added that in Manchester, arts and culture are embedded in the work of the local authority who always consider it as part of all their work. Officers agreed that Cardiff has great assets, but are highly constrained by budgets compared to Manchester.

Members noted that it was important to capture the full benefits of culture and asked if we have the tools to capture the well-being impacts e.g. children and those with Parkinson's. The Cabinet Member stated that GLL have worked out a quantifying benefit per pound regarding health and leisure and that is reported to the Council. With regards to culture, the Council work with new schools to work out who can partner with them to bring cultural benefits. Andy Eagle explained that there is the Return on Social Investment model and Beatrice Garcia, Liverpool University, has done industry leading work on the modelling impact of culture. Officers added that individual venues do work to show impact. If they are grant funded, they have to demonstrate that they meet the funding criteria. The Cabinet Member reiterated the need to remember that Manchester's Cultural Strategy rests on 10 years of Central Government infrastructure investment and that they are part of the wider Greater Manchester Authority Area City Region.

Members asked how Manchester's Council resource compares to Cardiff's. Officers agreed to bring back that information. Paul Kaynes stated that Manchester has a different hinterland and resources but the idea of a single, unifying principle is not the preserve of a large place with money to spend.

Members asked how Cardiff can tap into our City Deal with regards to culture. Officers explained that this can be done through the Capital Culture bid work, this was pitched at a regional level to use assets across the region.

AGREED: that the Chairperson, on behalf of the Committee, writes to the Cabinet Member conveying the observations of the Committee when discussing the way forward.

### 44 : CARDIFF CAPITAL REGION CITY DEAL - JOINT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY UPDATE REPORT

The Chairperson advised Committee that this item enabled them to consider details of the City Deal scrutiny committee's recent work.

The Principal Scrutiny Officer advised that this was the only update that the Committee gets on the City Deal, and it gives a flavour of what Scrutiny and therefore Cabinet are looking at. At the last meeting Committee considered that there was not enough information in the reports to the Joint Overview & Scrutiny Panel to enable it to undertake proper scrutiny. Members were informed that the Joint Overview & Scrutiny Panel has raised these concerns and is due to meet to review how to strengthen its scrutiny.

Members were advised a Special Cabinet meeting was held on 21 October 2019. This meeting considered the following items:

- a. Disclosure of interests, following WAO review identifying need to tighten CCRCD processes;
- b. Investment & Infrastructure funding allocation of £198,000 to Housing Fund (£98,000) and Cardiff Metro (£100,000) and replacement of out-going Newport Council Chief Executive with Cardiff Council Chief Executive on SIFT panel; and
- c. Regional response to Welsh Govt. consultation on National Development Framework 2020-2040.

The next scheduled meeting of the CCRCD Cabinet has been moved from 9 December to 19 December 2019.

Members were advised that there were hyperlinks in the report to the Cardiff Capital Region City Deal – Joint Overview and Scrutiny Reports for their information.

RESOLVED: To note the report.

45 : CORRESPONDENCE

Noted.

46 : URGENT ITEMS (IF ANY)

None received.

47 : DATE OF NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the Economy & Culture Committee is on Tuesday 17 December 2019 at 4.30 pm

The meeting terminated at 6.05 pm

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#### **ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

#### 17 DECEMBER 2019

Present: Councillor Howells(Chairperson)

Councillors Henshaw, Parkhill, Robson and Sattar

1 : APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies were received from Councillor Hill-John.

2 : DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

No declarations of interest were received.

#### 3 : EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC

The following item is confidential and exempt from publication as it contains exempt information of the description contained in paragraph 14 and 16 of Part 4 and paragraph 21 of Part 5 Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972. The public may be excluded from a meeting by resolution of the Committee pursuant to Section 100A (4) of the Local Government Act 1972 during discussion of this item.

RESOLVED - That the public be excluded during consideration of this item.

#### 4 : INDOOR ARENA

Members were advised that the Cabinet will receive a report providing an update on the procurement process to secure a developer/operator consortium to deliver a new new 15,000 capacity multi-purpose indoor arena in Cardiff Bay. The report will seek Cabinet approval to acquire the Red Dragon Centre (RDC) and consider a new financial strategy as part of the procurement process as part of the same financial envelope agreed previously.

Members were provided with an opportunity to explore the proposed approach to delivery of the new arena; the proposed acquisition of RDC; the proposed new financial strategy; any risks to the Council; the timeline and next steps; and the recommendations to Cabinet.

The report provided a summary of the background to this item.

The Chairperson welcomed Councillor Russell Goodway, Cabinet Member – Investment and Development, Neil Hanratty, Director of Economic Development, officers from the Economic Development department, Christopher Lee, Corporate Director of Resources, Kyle Godfrey – Project Accountant and Mark Calverley, Bevan Brittan LLP. The Director was invited to deliver a presentation.

Members were invited to comment, raise questions or seek clarification on the information received. The Committee debated that matter in full.

RESOLVED – That the Chairperson write to the Cabinet Member on behalf of the Committee conveying the observations of the Committee during the way forward.

#### 5 : EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC

The following item is confidential and exempt from publication as it contains exempt information of the description contained in paragraph 14 and 16 of Part 4 and paragraph 21 of Part 5 Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972. The public may be excluded from a meeting by resolution of the Committee pursuant to Section 100A (4) of the Local Government Act 1972 during discussion of this item.

RESOLVED - That the public be excluded during consideration of this item.

#### 6 : LLANRUMNEY REDEVELOPMENT

The Committee received a report on development proposals in the Llanrumney ward. Members were advised that on 19 December 2019 Cabinet will consider a report setting out the need to improve transport connectivity in Llanrumney and bringing forward a development strategy to enable this. The report will seek Cabinet approval to market Council-owned land in the area for disposal and seeks authority to enter into a Head of Terms Agreement to enable delivery of proposals.

During their consideration of this item Members of the Committee would have an opportunity to explore proposals to increase employment by improving transport connectivity and developing local employment opportunities; the development plan and indicative masterplan; a proposed new outdoor sporting complex; how the proposal fits with the wider Cardiff East Industrial Strategy; any risks to the Council; the timeline and next steps; and the recommendations to Council.

Members were advised that the administration set out a policy programme and delivery commitments entitled 'Capital Ambition', which established the Cabinet's key priorities and outlined a programme of action, including commitments to support people into work, creating jobs and removing barriers to work.

In October 2019, Cabinet approved the East Cardiff Industrial Strategy that emphasised the need to improve transport connectivity as a key to tackling unemployment and poverty in the area. The Strategy referenced the need for a new bridge linking Llanrumney to the A48.

On 19 December 2019 the Cabinet will receive a report to bring forward a development strategy aimed at delivering a new bridge and road link to the A48. Proposals will also include a new outdoors sporting complex, foot and cycle bridge, employment uses, housing and environmental improvements. The report to Cabinet seeks approval to market Council-owned land for disposal in order to generate capital receipts to meet the cost of the bridge and road link and seeks authority to enter into a Head of Terms Agreement to enable delivery of the proposals.

The Director of Economic Development was invited to deliver a presentation on the proposals. Members were invited to comment, seek clarification or raise questions on the information received. The Committee debated the proposals.

RESOLVED – That the Chairperson write to the Cabinet Member on behalf of the Committee conveying the observations of the Committee during the way forward.

7 : FORWARD WORK PLAN JAN- APRIL 2020.

The Forward Work Plan January to April 2020 was noted.

8 : URGENT ITEMS (IF ANY)

No urgent items were received.

9 : DATE OF NEXT MEETING

The next meeting will take place on 16 January 2019.

The meeting terminated at 6.15 pm

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CYNGOR CAERDYDD
CARDIFF COUNCIL

**ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE** 

**16 JANUARY 2020** 

PRESENTATION BRIEFING: PROGRESS UPDATE RE CARDIFF COMMITMENT

#### **Purpose of the Report**

1. To set the context for Members ahead of a presentation briefing at Committee on the results of the work carried out to implement the 'Cardiff Commitment'.

#### **Scope of Scrutiny**

2. To consider the results of the work to date to implement the Cardiff Commitment and make comments, observations and/ or recommendations to inform the way forward for this work.

#### Structure of the meeting

- 3. Members will hear from Councillor Sarah Merry (Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member Education and Lifelong Learning), Councillor Russell Goodway (Cabinet Member Investment and Development), Ken Poole (Head of Economic Development), Suzanne Scarlett (Operational Manager Partnerships and Performance Education), Victoria Poole (Business Development & Marketing Officer), Hannah Jenkins (Schools Liaison Officer) and Carly Davies (Cardiff Commitment Programme Manager). There will be a presentation taking Members through progress to date with the Cardiff Commitment and future plans.
- 4. The presentation will be followed by Members questions. Members will then be able to decide what comments, observations or recommendations they wish to pass on to the Cabinet for their consideration.

#### **Background**

- 5. The Administration's policy programme, Capital Ambition, states that the Administration will prioritise delivery of the 'Cardiff Commitment: helping young people, particularly those from disadvantaged and deprived communities, into employment, education or training' and ensuring that every child has access to these opportunities when leaving school.
- 6. This commitment has been embraced by the Public Service Board and is included in their Well Being Plan 2018-2023; it is also in the Council's Corporate Plan. It forms part of the Capital Ambition Delivery Programme and Cardiff 2030 vision for education and learning in Cardiff.
- 7. Cardiff Commitment connects the Education Directorate and Economic Development Directorate and works across the Council and with partners. It contributes to partnership work on Inclusive Growth and complements the *Improving Employer Engagement* Capital Ambition programme, which aims to coordinate and manage the range of training, apprenticeships, work experience and employment opportunities in Cardiff. A recent review of the Capital Ambition Delivery programme states that:

'Employer engagement officers are co-located within the Economic Development Team, linking in with community benefits and holding major and local job fair events. The project will identify and understand the skills needed in the city in order to inform training and apprenticeship programmes. This work will include an understanding of the skills requirements of employers moving to Cardiff. The employer engagement officers will match and link in people with employers, offering a service for those who are looking to recruit.'2

8. The Annual Wellbeing Report 2018-19 states that the Council secured 206 businesses pledges to the Cardiff Commitment, building a strong partnership

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Capital Ambition 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capital Ambition Delivery Programme Review and Self-Evaluation 2018, included as Appendix 2, Annual Well-Being Report 2018/19.

between employers and schools. The pledges offered a range of opportunities, including work experience, across the public, private and third sector.

- 9. Cardiff Council has increased the range of opportunities it offers young people, including a new round of apprenticeships, traineeships and work placements, with numbers increasing from 123 in 2017/18 to 181 in 2018/19.
- 10. The Council has also worked to implement 'Open Your Eyes' week, which provides an opportunity for schools to engage with businesses around opportunities and career pathways. In 2018/19, 47 primary schools and 8 secondary schools held Open Your Eyes events. In 2019/2020, Open Your Eyes week will be delivered across 54 primary schools and 9 secondary school, focusing on year 6 and year 7 pupils.
- 11. The percentage of young people 'Not in Education, Employment or Training' (NEET) as at the end of the academic year 2017/18 was 1.9%, which is an improvement on previous years. However, the percentage of all care leavers NEET 12 months after leaving care rose from 50.6% in 2017/18 to 60% in 2018/19<sup>3</sup>. The text accompanying these performance figures states that:

'...there continues to be opportunities to better connect young people with career opportunities and pathways beyond school, particularly those from vulnerable groups who may be facing challenges to secure positive destinations.'<sup>4</sup>

- 12. The Annual Wellbeing Report 2018-19 highlights that the Inclusive Growth programme will be retained as a priority, with the following projects to be delivered in 2019/20:
  - Improve employer engagement.
  - Improving the use of work experience and volunteering as pathway into work.
  - Improve data sharing with the DWP, Careers Wales and partners.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data taken from Annual Wellbeing Report 2018-19, Appendix 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> As above

- Ensuring Community Learning fully aligns with needs of the job market and reviewing vocational and entry-level training and pathways into careers.
- 13. The Economic Directorate Delivery Plan 2019/20 contains the following action: 'Support young people into education, employment or training by delivering the Cardiff Commitment:
  - Creating school/ business partnerships that target skills development in the key economic growth sectors of the Cardiff Capital Region
  - Rolling out the 'Open Your Eyes' careers week to seven secondary school clusters.'
- 14. The Economic Directorate Delivery Plan contains the following key milestone for 2019/20 for the above action:
  - 'Achieve 300 at total of commitments from local businesses by the end of Quarter 4'

#### **Way Forward**

15. Councillor Sarah Merry (Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member – Education and Lifelong Learning) and Councillor Russell Goodway (Cabinet Member – Investment and Development) will be invited to make a statement. Ken Poole (Head of Economic Development), Suzanne Scarlett (Operational Manager – Partnerships and Performance - Education), Victoria Poole (Business Development & Marketing Officer), Hannah Jenkins (Schools Liaison Officer) and Carly Davies (Cardiff Commitment Programme Manager) will attend to give a presentation and answer Members' questions.

#### **Legal Implications**

16. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct legal implications. However, legal implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any legal implications arising

from those recommendations. All decisions taken by or on behalf of the Council must (a) be within the legal powers of the Council; (b) comply with any procedural requirement imposed by law; (c) be within the powers of the body or person exercising powers on behalf of the Council; (d) be undertaken in accordance with the procedural requirements imposed by the Council e.g. Scrutiny Procedure Rules; (e) be fully and properly informed; (f) be properly motivated; (g) be taken having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its taxpayers; and (h) be reasonable and proper in all the circumstances.

#### **Financial Implications**

17. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct financial implications at this stage in relation to any of the work programme. However, financial implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any financial implications arising from those recommendations.

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Committee is recommended to:

- i) Consider the information in this report and the information presented at the meeting;
- ii) Determine whether they would like to make any comments, observations or recommendations to the Cabinet on this matter; and
- iii) Decide the way forward for any future scrutiny of the issues discussed.

#### **DAVINA FIORE**

Director of Governance & Legal Services
10 January 2020



## CYNGOR CAERDYDD CARDIFF COUNCIL

#### **ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

16 January 2020

#### CARDIFF HARBOUR AUTHORITY REVIEW: UPDATE

#### **Purpose of the Report**

 This report gives Members a summary of the information received at their last scrutiny on this matter, in May 2019, setting the scene for an update on the Cardiff Harbour Authority review report recently published by Welsh Government.

#### **Scope of Scrutiny**

- 2. During this scrutiny, Members have the opportunity to explore:
  - The findings of the review of the Cardiff Harbour Authority;
  - The implications of the review findings for citizens, residents,
     visitors, businesses, partners, Welsh Government and the Council;
  - Whether there are any risks to the Council;
  - The timeline and next steps.

#### Structure of the meeting

- 3. A panel of review stakeholders has been invited<sup>1</sup>, as follows:
  - Councillor Peter Bradbury (Cabinet Member Culture & Leisure)
  - Jon Maidment (Operational Manager Cardiff Harbour Authority)
  - Mark Williams (Head of Regeneration Strategy Welsh Government).
- 4. Mark Williams will outline progress with the review since May 2019 and Members will have the opportunity to put questions to the panel regarding the review findings, implications for the Council and key stakeholders and the next steps in the process. Members will then be able to decide what comments, observations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Neil Hanratty, Director of Economic Development, was invited but has sent his apologies due to other commitments.

or recommendations they wish to pass on to the Cabinet for their consideration and whether further scrutiny is required.

#### **Background**

- 5. The Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993 sets the legislative framework for the Harbour Authority, outlining the main statutory responsibilities of the Harbour Authority, with other Acts also guiding service provision<sup>2</sup>.
- 6. Whilst the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993 sets out the Harbour Authority's statutory responsibilities, there is a Section 165³ agreement (with subsequent Deeds of Variation following earlier reviews) that sets out the contract between the Council and the Welsh Government regarding the Harbour Authority, in terms of obligations and funding. Welsh Ministers became responsible for paying the Council the amounts necessary to fulfil its statutory obligations under the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993. This funding is ring-fenced and may only be spent on Cardiff Harbour Authority-related activities.
- 7. Operationally, the Harbour Authority is responsible for the management of the Barrage and the Bay, including the rivers Taff and Ely up to the weirs at Blackweir and the former Arjo Wiggins site respectively. The Authority is also responsible for maintaining water quality and environmental management. More specifically, responsibilities include:
  - Operation and maintenance of the barrage, which provides a flood defence structure.
  - Environmental management of Cardiff Bay.
  - Operation and maintenance of the Pont-Y-Werin Bridge.
  - Land areas of the Roald Dahl Plass (Oval Basin), Graving Docks, public car park adjacent to the St. David's Hotel & Spa and barrage car park.
  - Directly managing the Cardiff Bay Water Activity Centre, Cardiff International
     White Water facility and the Norwegian Church Arts Centre.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These include Environment Act 1995, Environmental Protection Act 1990, Docks & Harbours Act 1966, Harbours Act 1964, Salmon and Freshwater Fisheries Act 1975 and several others.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 165 of the Local Government, Planning and Land Act 1980

- Raising the profile of Cardiff Bay as a visitor attraction and educational resource locally, nationally and internationally.
- Running an annual programme of events.

#### Review

8. In December 2018, the Welsh Government issued a written statement<sup>4</sup> to inform members of the National Assembly that they had agreed with Cardiff Council to undertake a review of Cardiff Harbour Authority, setting out that:

'The review will consider the current arrangements for funding and managing the Cardiff Bay Barrage, the inland lake and the outer harbour under the agreement between the Welsh Ministers and Cardiff County Council (Cardiff CC). The review will be undertaken by Local Partnerships (a joint venture owned by HM Treasury, the Local Government Association and the Welsh Government).'

9. The written statement goes on to say:

'A key element of the review will be to consider whether there is scope to achieve improved value for money in the delivery of the statutory harbour authority functions including a means of securing longer-term financial savings and opportunities for increased income generation activities. It will also include a review of the Agreement's existing terms and conditions to take into account operational requirements and risk.'

'The Authority plays a crucial role in ensuring that Cardiff Bay is managed efficiently and effectively. With the support of Cardiff County Council, it has helped to establish the Bay and associated facilities as a unique public amenity worthy of forward looking capital city. The review is designed to ensure that we have sustainable arrangements in place to enable the Authority to carry on performing this role into the future.'

- 10. The emerging findings from this review were presented to Committee at their meeting in May 2019 and included:
  - Fixed cost budget has reduced by circa £1M from 2014/15 to 2019/20
  - CHA activities are all either mandated by the Act or included in the s165 agreement

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available at: https://gov.wales/written-statement-cardiff-harbour-authority-review

- Service provision levels are high quality, with consistently positive feedback from customers
- Appropriate savings have been identified for 2020/21
- Projects and Contingency Fund has reduced from £664K in April 2016 to £40K in May 2019
- There are annual income targets for CHA, which have been met. There is little room to increase these significantly.
- Governance arrangements are operationally focused and light touch.
- 11. In May 2019, Local Partnerships recommended further analysis of budget and expenditure by CHA function, further analysis of costs for Support Services and Supplies and Services, and further analysis of expenditure on SLA services provided by Cardiff Council and contracted out services, as well as staffing.
- 12. The Local Partnerships presentation to Committee in May 2019 highlighted the following key points likely to result in recommendations:
  - Section 165 agreement needs to be consolidated given the number of Deeds of Variation since 2000; change in the Section 165 Agreement would require approval from both WG and the Council.
  - Consideration needs to be given to:
    - i. the extent/standard that the CHA discharges its activities
    - ii. cost pressures e.g. Wrach Channel, pay-award
  - The 3-year funding agreement needs to be re-instated, to allow for more effective service planning; this needs to coincide with WG budgetary cycle.
  - The continued relevance of contingency fund will be dependent upon the availability of future capital receipts from land disposals. Liaison with WG Estates Division required
  - An independent asset condition study is required and short, medium and long-term asset renewal plans need to be prepared. The long term funding approach needs to be assessed e.g. is there a need for a sinking fund?
  - Consideration needs to be given to:
    - i. which WG directorate has responsibility for the CHA, as it is no longer a regeneration project.
    - ii. whether to transfer funding from WG to CCC, on an unhypothecated basis – would this better facilitate the delivery of efficiencies?
- 13. Local Partnerships highlighted that the next steps would be to confirm factual accuracy and issue the draft report to stakeholders for review, prior to finalising and publishing the report and recommendations.

#### **Review Report**

14. The final review report has recently been published and is available at **Appendix**A and on the Welsh Government website at

English: <a href="https://gov.wales/cardiff-harbour-authority-report">https://gov.wales/cardiff-harbour-authority-report</a>
Welsh: <a href="https://llyw.cymru/awdurdod-harbwr-caerdydd-adroddiad">https://llyw.cymru/awdurdod-harbwr-caerdydd-adroddiad</a>

15. The Deputy Minister for Housing and Local Government has also issued a Written Statement on the Cardiff Harbour Authority Review which is available at:

English: <a href="https://gov.wales/written-statement-report-cardiff-harbour-authority-review">https://gov.wales/written-statement-report-cardiff-harbour-authority-review</a>
Welsh: <a href="https://llyw.cymru/datganiad-ysgrifenedig-adroddiad-ar-yr-adolygiad-o-awdurdod-harbwr-caerdydd">https://llyw.cymru/datganiad-ysgrifenedig-adroddiad-ar-yr-adolygiad-o-awdurdod-harbwr-caerdydd</a>

16. There is a summary of the findings and recommendations at Pages 32-35,
Appendix A. These include the points presented to Committee in May 2019 and listed above at points 10 & 12 as well as the following:

#### **Further Findings**

- Approximately £500,000 of the Facilities Maintenance and Barrage Maintenance budgets could be capitalised as it relates to maintenance and renewal of the barrage and bay area
- Cardiff Harbour Authority provides a high-profile location to host significant events, such as the Volvo Ocean Race and the International Food and Drink Festival, which contribute to WG and Council strategic objectives. With reductions going forward in the Events budget, such events will now need to be self-funding, which may reduce the extent to which the CHA's activities contribute to such ambitions.

#### **Further Recommendations**

- That the CHA's suggestions relating to the following be investigated.
   Each would require a well-managed trial in order to ensure that there is no detrimental impact to the environment or fish welfare:
  - The potential to operate the fish pass on a more targeted basis aligned to its use, which could release savings of c. £10,000 per annum, depending upon the actual operating hours;
  - The relaxation of KPI1 "Percentage of readings of dissolved oxygen in Cardiff Bay that achieve a reading of 5 milligrams per litre of dissolved oxygen or greater". It is not possible to quantify the extent of such savings until discussions have taken place to determine what revised KPI, if any, NRW would find acceptable
- That there is further refinement of the CHA budget, with disaggregation of the entire CHA budget to correspond with its functions, such that the net cost of undertaking each becomes apparent.

- That CHA governance be enhanced through more senior WG and Council attendance on an annual basis, thus facilitating more strategic discussions including formal approval of the annual business plan.
- That a CHA risk register be prepared, with risks, identified, allocated to the appropriate individual and mitigation measures put in place and monitored

#### **Previous Scrutiny**

- 17. This Committee has undertaken two detailed inquiries on Cardiff Harbour Authority, in 2006 and 2010, in order to inform discussions with Welsh Government regarding their reviews and the best way forward.
- 18. The first inquiry (*The future of Cardiff Harbour Authority, 2006*) made 11 recommendations including the preference for the Council to continue with the Harbour Authority Contract. The majority of the recommendations were accepted by the Executive and used to inform negotiations with Welsh Assembly Government.
- 19. The second inquiry (*Cardiff Harbour Authority, 2010*) was in response to a Welsh Assembly Government review into the affordability of the Authority. The report put forward twelve recommendations to the Executive relating to the Welsh Assembly's review of affordability, ten of which were accepted and two partly accepted.
- 20. In May 2019, Members considered emerging findings from the current review.
  The letter resulting from these considerations is attached as **Appendix B**, with the response received from Councillor Bradbury, Cabinet Member Culture & Leisure, attached as **Appendix C**.

#### **Way Forward**

21. Councillor Peter Bradbury (Cabinet Member – Culture & Leisure) will be invited to make a statement. Mark Williams (Welsh Government) will provide a brief verbal update on progress with the review since May 2019. Councillor Peter Bradbury (Cabinet Member – Culture & Leisure), Jon Maidment (Operational Manager) and

Mark Williams (Welsh Government) will be available to answer Members' questions on the Cardiff Harbour Authority review findings.

#### **Legal Implications**

22. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct legal implications. However, legal implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any legal implications arising from those recommendations. All decisions taken by or on behalf of the Council must (a) be within the legal powers of the Council; (b) comply with any procedural requirement imposed by law; (c) be within the powers of the body or person exercising powers on behalf of the Council; (d) be undertaken in accordance with the procedural requirements imposed by the Council e.g. Scrutiny Procedure Rules; (e) be fully and properly informed; (f) be properly motivated; (g) be taken having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its taxpayers; and (h) be reasonable and proper in all the circumstances.

#### **Financial Implications**

23. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct financial implications at this stage in relation to any of the work programme. However, financial implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any financial implications arising from those recommendations.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

The Committee is recommended to:

- i) Consider the information in this report and the information presented at the meeting;
- ii) Determine whether they would like to make any comments, observations or recommendations to the Cabinet on this matter; and
- iii) Decide the way forward for any future scrutiny of the issues discussed.

#### **DAVINA FIORE**

Director of Governance & Legal Services 10 January 2020









# Review of the Current Funding Arrangements for the Cardiff Harbour Authority

Final Report

Issue Date: 5 December 2019



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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### **Background**

- 1. By an Agreement dated 27 March 2000 made pursuant to Section 165 of the Local Government Planning and Land Act 1980 ("the Section 165 Agreement"), between the Cardiff Bay Development Corporation ("CBDC") and Cardiff City Council ("the Council"), the Council agreed to take responsibility for the harbour authority undertakings and obligations under the terms of the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1983 ("the Act"). The Welsh Government ("WG") subsequently assumed CBDC's rights and liabilities under the Section 165 Agreement.
- 2. The arrangements for funding the Cardiff Harbour Authority ("CHA") are set out in the Section 165 Agreement and subsequent deeds of variation, of which there have been six over the past 19 years. Welsh Ministers have responsibility for funding the functions and liabilities that were transferred to the Council under the Agreement relating to the statutory harbour authority role. WG's role is to provide the Council with the necessary funding to allow the CHA to fulfil its statutory duties and functions under the 1993 Cardiff Bay Barrage Act.
- 3. WG funding of the CHA has been subject to three-year agreements, the last of which expired in March 2017. WG advised that they wanted to review the funding arrangements, and hence that agreement was extended for 12 months, to allow such a review to take place. However, the review that was planned for the autumn of 2017 did not take place, and a second 12-month extension was subsequently agreed, which set funding for 2018/19 at £5.400m, a £0.491m (8.3%) reduction over the previous year.
- 4. During the course of this review, a third 12 months extension has been agreed, with a total budget for 2019/20 set at £5.223m, representing a further 3.3% reduction.
- 5. In view of the current severe pressure on WG budgets, WG and the Council continue to work together to jointly investigate options for identifying further opportunities for efficiency savings on CHA's operational costs.

#### **Local Partnerships' Review**

- 6. Local Partnerships have been asked to review the arrangements between the WG and the Council as set out in the Section 165 Agreement for funding and managing the Cardiff Bay barrage, inland lake and outer harbour including the functions and duties under clause 15 (The Undertaking) of the Section 165 Agreement. Specifically, this review is required to:
  - facilitate the six-yearly review of costs, in compliance with Clause 16.5 of the Section 165 Agreement,
  - consider CHA's contribution to the WG Taking Wales Forward 2016-20 Programme and its role in delivering the Council's Corporate Plan and the vision for Cardiff Bay;
  - consider any financial request from CHA within the context of the wider local government financial settlement and to clarify whether there is justification or otherwise, that the CHA budget in future years should be consistent with wider public sector settlements;
  - consider a longer term settlement period;

- consider whether there is scope to achieve improved value for money in the delivery of the statutory harbour authority functions including a means of securing longer-term financial savings. This will involve a review of the activities undertaken by CHA and to determine if they are absolutely necessary under the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act;
- consider the Agreement's existing terms and conditions (such as use of the Harbour Contingency and Project Fund) to take into account operational requirements and risk;
- establish if there exists a substantially similar organisation to CHA (in order to enable the parties to carry out a benchmarking exercise);
- consider the treatment of infrastructure expenditure and identify whether there is scope to reclassify any fixed cost budget revenue costs as capital. To evaluate CHA's assessment of its own future asset renewal requirements to ascertain whether it takes a condition/risk assessed basis and whether mitigation measures have been considered;
- explore opportunities for increased income generation activities and alternative sources of income generation, including through land use; and
- examine current governance arrangements.
- 7. In carrying out this review. We have consulted with personnel from WG, the Council, CHA, Natural Resources Wales ("NRW") and Associated British Ports ("ABP"). We extend our appreciation to all those who have contributed to our undertaking of this review. A list of the individuals with whom we consulted is set out in Appendix D.
- 8. A list of the documents reviewed is set out in Appendix E.
- 9. A summary of our conclusions and recommendations is set out in Section 10. We understand that a separate exercise has been undertaken by the WG Estates Division, and specific recommendations have been made regarding the arrangements for the strategic estate management of the land and property portfolio administered by the CHA, which should be considered in conjunction with this report.

#### 2 THE CHA'S STATUTORY FUNCTIONS

#### **Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993**

- 10. Under the Act, the CHA's statutory functions and duties can be summarised as being:
  - to operate and maintain the Cardiff Bay Barrage in order to safeguard and improve the environment and amenities of the inland bay:
    - o opening or closing the lock gates and sluices in the barrage
    - o controlling the flow of water in the fish passes in the barrage
    - managing the roadways, bridges and other structure or equipment forming part of the barrage
  - to manage the inner bay and outer harbour:
    - o facilitating their use by pleasure craft and other vessels and for water sports and other recreational activities
    - o ensuring that the quality of water in the bay meets the relevant standard
    - o developing and conserving the flora and fauna
  - to ascertain, prevent and repair damage to property resulting from any alteration of groundwater levels

#### **Section 165 Agreement**

- 11. Clause 15 of the Section 165 Agreement requires the Council to discharge all the statutory functions and duties contained in the Act, and such other non-statutory functions normally expected of a harbour authority, specifically:
  - to operate and maintain the Cardiff Bay Barrage including the day to day opening and closing of the locks, sluices and fish pass
  - to comply with all environmental laws in connection with the operation of the Cardiff Bay Barrage to meet the requisite environmental standard
  - to maintain and monitor the water level and quality within the prescribed limits as set out in the Act
  - to issue licences and to collect appropriate charges
  - to fulfil the statutory role of a harbour authority including the banning or removal of dangerous vessels, the making and enforcing of by-laws and maintaining lights and buoys as required by Trinity House
  - to develop and conserve in the flora and fauna in the Cardiff Bay area
  - to implement the ground water protection and compensation measures
  - to provide or procure such infrastructure as the Council may think is reasonably necessary to carry out the powers and duties under the Act including car parking, slipways, public facilities and information points
  - to promote the use of the Cardiff Bay area, including the facilitating of use by vessels and for general recreational activities.
- 12. Clause 16.1 requires the WG to pay the Council the amounts necessary to:
  - to discharge its functions under the 1993 Act
  - to maintain all the properties that make up the Bay, Barrage and supporting areas
  - to fulfil the obligations contained in supporting/linked contracts
  - to satisfy any liabilities arising from acts or omissions of third parties.

13. Any changes in the Section 165 Agreement would require approval from both WG and the Council. As requested by WG, we have set out in Appendix C, an overview of the Section 165 Agreement and its key terms concerning costs, budget and funding periods, performance monitoring and reporting, claims and payment arrangements.

#### Recommendation

14. Given the number of Deeds of Variations that have been agreed since 2000, we recommend that a clear and consolidated version of the Section 165 Agreement be produced.

#### 3 THE CHA'S STRUCTURE

#### Introduction

- 15. The CHA's is structured into the following teams:
  - Barrage
  - Harbour Master
  - Cardiff Bay Water Activity Centre
  - Environment, Contracts & Community Liaison
  - Operational Management and Support
- 16. The CHA's total establishment for 2019/20 amounts to 56.8 FTEs. All but two of these individuals are dedicated to CHA activities. The split between each team is set out below.

#### **Barrage**

Role	FTEs	
Barrage Manager	1	
Barrage Operation:		
Barrage Shift Managers	5	
Lock Keepers	10	
Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Team:		
Principal Engineer	1	
Mechanical Engineers	3	
Mechanical Engineering Apprentice	2	
Electrical Engineers	2	
Electrical Engineering Apprentice	1	
Engineer Planning & Maintenance	1	
Total Establishment: Barrage	26	

- 17. The Barrage Team are responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Cardiff Bay Barrage, including the locks, bridges, sluices and fish pass. The barrage control room is staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, with each of the five shifts staffed by a Shift Manager and two Lock Keepers.
- 18. The Barrage Team play a key role in flood defence and maintaining water levels within the 200 hectare freshwater inner bay to within designated limits. They are responsible for controlling salinity levels within the inner bay and through the system of compressors, pumps and pipework, for maintaining dissolved oxygen levels within the inner bay in accordance with Key Performance Indicators (KPIs).
- 19. The Engineering Team provide mechanical and engineering services to maintain the CHA's infrastructure assets. They are generally recognised as being a committed and responsive workforce, possessing the experience necessary to identify and rectify failure within the Barrage's infrastructure at an early stage. Whilst experienced, they

are an ageing workforce, hence the introduction by CHA of apprentices for succession planning.

#### **Harbour Master**

Role	FTEs
Harbour Master	1
Assistant Harbour Master	1
Quay Supervisor	1
Marine Operatives	4
Marine Operative Trainee	1
Boat Masters	3
Marine Engineer	1
Marine Engineer Apprentice	1
Total Establishment	13

- 20. The Harbourmaster team is responsible for water use safety and navigation management within the inner bay, outer harbour and rivers Taff and Ely, and for enforcing by-laws, and issuing notices to mariners. The team is also responsible for ensuring that cleanliness standards are met in and around the bay through debris and litter collection, including maintenance of the aeration system and deployment of pollution kit. As the local lighthouse authority they also maintain all statutory aids to navigation.
- 21. Over 1,300 leisure vessels currently have mooring berths within the CHA's area, and two major yacht clubs are located in Cardiff Bay. The team is responsible for licensing commercial operators, and for maintain two public pontoons and nine water bus-stops. There are currently nine commercial operators within the harbour carrying 193,000 passengers in 2018/9.
- 22. They utilise a fleet of nine vessels, that are maintained by the marine engineer.

#### **Environment, Contracts and Community Liaison**

Role	FTEs
Team Leader	0.9
Contracts, Groundwater & Buildings:	
Senior Technician	1
Groundwater Technician	1
Property Survey and Building Manager	1
Environment:	
Environment Officers	3
Technical Officer	1
Sampling and Maintenance Technicians	1.9
Community Liaison (inc. Marketing & Comms):	

Role	FTEs
Community Liaison Officer	0.6
Communication & Project Officer	1
Total Establishment:	11.4

#### 23. This team's duties comprise:

- downloading, processing and storing data from the Cardiff Bay Groundwater Monitoring System, as well as managing its operation, calibration and maintenance
- specifying, letting and monitoring contracts and service level agreements
- monitoring and maintaining water quality standards within the inner bay;
- conserving, safeguarding, maintaining and enhancing the natural environment within the inner bay
- maintaining the built environment around the inner bay
- overseeing the delivery of educational programmes and events in the Bay and surrounding area
- carrying out marketing and communication activities, such as online promotion via websites and social media, and the provision of materials including leaflets, maps and public information boards
- identifying and undertaking commercial activities.

# Cardiff Bay Water Activity Centre ("CBWAC")

Role	FTEs
Centre Manager	1
Water Activity Officers	2
Casual Water Activity Assistants	0.2
Total Establishment	3.2

24. Based on the river Taff, CBWAC provides a number of water-based training courses (canoeing, rowing, dinghy) and land-based activities for individuals and groups. It also provides slipway access for the public into the bay, pursuant to the CHA's obligations under the Act to promote low cost access to the water for the local population and visitors to the bay.

# **Operational Management, Business Administration and Operational Support**

Role	FTEs
Operational Manager	0.5
Finance Officer	1
Receptionist / Administrative Assistant	1
Performance Information Officer	0.7
Total Establishment:	3.2

# **Workforce Management**

25. In response to the ageing workforce, over the last five years, the CHA has focussed on workforce planning which has resulted in the creation of four new apprenticeship / traineeship schemes, in the areas of marine, electrical and mechanical engineering, marine operations / seamanship. Individuals participating in these schemes are progressing through to permanent positions to ensure the continuity of the skills base.

# 4 THE CHA's FUNDING

# **Fixed Cost Budget**

26. The table below summarises the CHA's fixed cost budget settlement over the last three financial years. Whilst WG funding of the CHA has been subject to three-year agreements, the last of these expired in March 2017, hence each of the budgets set out below have been agreed on an annual basis.

	Budget 2017/18 £k	Budget 2018/19 £k	Budget 2019/20 £k
Staff & Overheads	4,091	3,921	3,868
Employees	2,641	2,613	2,584
Premises	514	478	440
Transport	46	46	46
Supplies and Services	342	342	342
Support Services	548	442	456
Marketing & Promotion	200	200	50
Ground Water	150	110	110
Groundwater monitoring and reporting	20	17	17
Operation and Maintenance of Groundwater Control	120	91	91
Independent Complaints Administrator	8	0	0
Additional Property Condition Surveys	2	2	2
Fish	135	135	135
Facilities Management	310	305	305
Maintenance of Roald Dahl Plass	223	223	223
Inspect / survey bay edges annually	10	10	10
Maintenance of bay edges, embankments, walkways,			
fencing, water safety equipment and slipways	25	20	20
Maintenance of water bus stops and pontoons	10	10	10
Maintenance of litter booms	5	5	5
Protection, lighting and signage of river bridge piers	2	2	2
Operation of Cardiff Bay Water Activity Centre	35	35	35
Pest Control	55	47	47
Barrage	1,040	1,040	1,190
Scheduled and unscheduled maintenance operations	440	440	440
Dredging of the outer harbour	600	600	750
Environment	384	366	366
Monitoring of siltation of the Bay, orchard ledges and			
outer harbour	30	27	27
Siltation monitoring of the rivers and bay	15	13	13
Operation and routine maintenance of aeration system			
and mobile oxygenation vessel	69	69	69
Collection of debris from the bay and river banks.	60	60	60
Invasive plant control	70	65	65
Disposal of all waste, debris and weed	62	59	59
Disposal of algal scum	7	6	6
Develop and conserve fauna and flora, wetlands and			
general environmental management	16	16	16
Maintenance of the timber structures	5	5	5
Water quality monitoring	50	46	46
Income	(820)	(920)	(993)
Fixed Cost Budget	5,545	5,204	5,078
Change (from previous year)	(0%)	(6.1%)	(2.4%)

- 27. The per annum reduction in the CHA's fixed cost budget in cash terms (i.e. excluding inflation) over the last two years of 6.1% and 2.4% as illustrated above represents a continuation of previous years' funding reductions.
- 28. The table below summarises actual expenditure compared to the fixed cost budget over the last three financial years.

	Variance Variance 2016/17 2017/18					
	£k	%	£k	%	£k	%
Staff & Overheads	153	4%	109	3%	44	1%
Marketing & Promotion	32	16%	24	12%	0	0%
Ground Water	(7)	(4%)	(53)	(36%)	(16)	(14%)
Fish	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Facilities Management	7	2%	155	50%	2	1%
Pest Control	(13)	(23%)	(13)	(24%)	(12)	(26%)
Barrage	35	3%	(97)	(9%)	(30)	(3%)
Environment	(74)	(20%)	(58)	(15%)	16	4%
	134	2.1%	67	1.1%	4	0%
Income	195	24%	71	9%	(4)	(0%)
Fixed Cost Expenditure	(61)	(1.1%)	(4)	(0.1%)	0	0%

- 29. The Section 165 Agreement allows the Council to vire expenditure across budget heads, with any underspends or overspends measured only against the total fixed cost budget, with such being shared equally between WG and the Council, subject to the Council's liability being capped. The cap was £100,000, but now reduced to £40,000 by a deed of variation dated 26 April 2018.
- 30. The long-term trend for the CHA's fixed cost budget in cash terms (excluding inflation), has seen:
  - a reduction of £987,000 (16%) since 2014/5
  - a reduction of £5,604,000 (52%) since 2000/1
- 31. For comparison purposes, WG total Revenue Support Grant funding of local authorities has decreased by 1.75% in cash terms.

#### Conclusions

- 32. Over the last six years, the CHA's fixed cost budget has steadily decreased in cash terms, at a rate which exceeds the reduction in WG RSG funding of local government across Wales.
- 33. Variations in actual expenditure against the overall fixed cost budget have been minimal, though significant variances have occurred in relation to specific budget. headings.

# **Asset Renewal Budget**

34. In addition to the fixed cost budget, the funding settlement also includes an asset renewal budget, which is agreed annually, based upon the CHA's own assessment of its maintenance and renewal requirements. The table below summarises the CHA's asset renewal budget settlement over the last three financial years.

	Budget 2017/18 £k	Budget 2018/19 £k	Budget 2019/20 £k
Inner Harbour		-	
Barrage			
Sluice Upper Roller Replacement	17		
Bascule Bridges - Maintenance	57	165	35
Lock Electric Panels - Replacement			80
Environment			
Water Quality Model	32		
Aeration System Compressors	28		
Britannia Park Play Equipment	9		
Ground Water			
Submersible Pump - Replacement		6	
Harbour Master			
Harbour 1, Vessel Replacement	300		
Pump Out Barrage South - Replacement		25	
Deck Mounted Crane on Harbour2 work boat			30
Asset Renewal Budget	443	196	145

- 35. The 2017/8 budget represented an initial allocation of £346k and a subsequent additional allocation of £97k approved in March 2018.
- 36. The table below summarises the CHA's actual asset renewal expenditure compared to the budget over the last three financial years.

	Variance 2016/17		Varia 2017			Variance 8/19
	£	k %	£k	%	£k	%
Asset Renewal Expenditure	(56)	(16%)	(75)	(17%)	0	0%

- 37. Under the terms of the Section 165 Agreement, the CHA's expenditure against the Asset Renewal Budget is recovered at cost from WG, though any overspend on the Asset Renewal Budget would be borne equally between the Council and WG.
- 38. The long-term trend in for the CHA's asset renewal budget in cash terms (excluding inflation), has also seen a considerable reduction, of £187,000 (56%) since 2014/5.

#### Recommendation

- 39. Given the specialist nature of some of the CHA's infrastructure assets, it is unlikely when agreeing annual budget allocations, that the WG possess the required expertise to evaluate the reasonableness and appropriateness of the requests submitted. As these are now c. 20 years old, we recommend that a suitably experienced organisation is jointly commissioned by the CHA and WG to undertake a comprehensive asset condition survey and a risk assessed forward asset maintenance and renewal plan, to inform future asset renewal budget levels.
- 40. We understand that progress is already being made in this regard and that the preparation of tender documentation has now begun with a view to undertaking such a survey in the autumn. Aligned with this, the CHA is also looking at what IT systems are required to support a more robust asset management approach.

#### **Harbour Contingency and Project Fund**

- 41. The Section 165 Agreement requires the Council to hold a Harbour Contingency and Project Fund. The Council is allowed to retain all capital receipts from the disposal of land which is owned by the Council as part of the Harbour Authority's Undertaking but must credit the proceeds of the sale of any such land to this fund. In addition, the Council's 50% share of any savings in the Fixed Cost Budget is credited to this account.
- 42. The Council may draw-down funds from the Harbour Contingency and Project Fund, in consultation with WG, in order to:
  - discharge its powers and duties as set out in the Act, including in relation to the properties it holds as listed in the Section 165 Agreement;
  - fund expenditure for other improvement and enhancement of infrastructure, assets, activities or services in or around the Bay.
- 43. A summary of the credits, draw-downs and balances within the Harbour and Contingency and Project Fund over the last 3 years is set out below, since its peak level on 1 April 2016.

	Revenue £k	Capital £k	Total £k
Balance as at 1 April 2016	664	112	756
Draw-downs 2016/17			
Volvo Ocean Race Hosting Fee	(186)		
Credits 2016/7			
50% of Fixed Cost Savings	21		
Capital Receipts		0	
Balance as at 1 April 2017	479	112	591
Draw-downs 2017/18			
River Taff Deshoaling Works	(100)		
Alexandra Head Works		112	
Credits 2017/8			
50% of Fixed Cost Savings	3		
Capital Receipts		0	
Balance as at 1 April 2018	382	0	382
Draw-downs 2018/19			
Volvo Ocean Race Hosting Fee	(214)		
Alexandra Head Works	(128)		
Credits 2018/9			
50% of Fixed Cost Savings	0		
Capital Receipts		0	_
Forecast Balance as at 1 April 2018	40	0	40

44. The Council is obliged to maintain a minimum balance within the fund, and subject to maintaining that balance, is required to draw down from the fund before making any additional claims to WG in relation to any unforeseen costs. The minimum balance was £100,000, but now reduced to £40,000 by the Deed of Variation dated 26 April 2018, considering the demands on the fund during 2018/9 as detailed above.

#### Conclusion

45. At its current level, the fund's ability to insulate WG from additional funding requests stemming from unforeseen events is severely limited. The continued ability of the Harbour Contingency and Project Fund to fulfil its intended purpose, is likely to be dependent upon the availability of future capital receipts from land

disposals. Whilst we are advised by the CHA that no such capital receipts are forecast, we would recommend the CHA liaise with the WG Estates Division in order to form a common understanding of the potential for future capital receipts, for example by considering any opportunities for joining-up CHA/WG land holdings to increase land values. We understand that a separate exercise has been undertaken by the WG Estates Division, and specific recommendations have been made regarding the arrangements for the strategic estate management of the land and property portfolio administered by the CHA.

# 5 REVIEW OF THE CHA'S ACTIVITIES

# **Mandatory, Statutory and Discretionary Services**

- 46. The CHA's 2018-19 Business Plan sets out three primary aims for the CHA:
  - to maintain and enhance an outstanding, sustainable environment;
  - to provide exceptional facilities and activities to ensure Cardiff continues to have a premier waterfront location; and
  - to work in partnership with stakeholders to ensure continued public and investor confidence in Cardiff.
- 47. These aims are ambitious and appear to go beyond the statutory requirements set out in Section 2. Consequently, we reviewed the activities undertaken by the CHA in order to determine if they are necessary under the Act, taking into consideration the CHA's own assessment of its responsibilities, specifically whether each is:
  - mandatory under the Act;
  - contractual under the Section 165 Agreement, recognising that any change in the Section 165 Agreement would require approval from both WG and the Council, and hence the obligations within it are similar in status to those under the Act; or
  - discretionary.
- 48. As detailed in Appendix C, we have highlighted two functions as being discretionary, but only to reflect the fact that the Act permits the CHA to undertake such, rather than obliging them to do so. However, as these specific responsibilities relate to imposing charges and byelaws, the fact that the CHA have chosen to apply such either generates revenues or has minimal cost implications respectively.
- 49. Noting the CHA's obligation under the Section 165 Agreement to "promote the use of the Cardiff Bay area, including the facilitating of use by vessels and for general recreational activities", the activities that are considered pursuant to this are events, communications and commercialisation. With the removal of the events budget in 2019-20, and the consequent requirement that events now be self-financing, the most significant cost activity in this regard has now been removed.

#### **Service Quality**

- 50. Previous reviews have confirmed the high degree of satisfaction expressed by the CHA's clients and stakeholders. Consequently, undertaking fresh client and stakeholder satisfaction interviews was outside the scope of this review.
- 51. However, we met with representatives of both Natural Resources Wales (NRW) and Associated British Ports, as the CHA's key stakeholders and neighbours in order to obtain their feedback on the CHA's performance. Both were highly complementary of the CHA, and it is apparent to us in conducting the review that the CHA continues to provide a high quality service.
- 52. The table below sets out the CHA's performance against the annual Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs") for the last two years:

No	KPI	201	7-18	201	8-19
		Target	Result	Target	Result
1	Percentage of readings of dissolved oxygen in Cardiff Bay that achieve a reading of 5 milligrams per litre of dissolved oxygen or greater	100%	99.76%	100%	98.69%
2	The CHA will commence 90% of non-urgent cleansing operations within 5 working days of receipt of a substantiated complaint	90%	100%	90%	100%
3	Number of essential maintenance activities carried out on the Barrage	292	233	235	272
4	The number of passengers carried on commercial vessels	150,000	185,512	210,000	192,621
5	The number of attendances at CHA facilities	1,100,000	1,303,350	1,150,000	1,316,446
6	Total income for the CHA	£820,000	£890,674	£820,000	£957,622
7	Customer satisfaction levels for the CHA	95%	98.2%	95%	95%
8	The levels of stakeholder satisfaction from an annual survey of partners	90%	93%	90%	90%

53. Whilst the CHA monitors dissolved oxygen levels and respond promptly to rectify breaches, utilising the oxy-barge and aeration system, we are advised by the CHA that in relation to KPI 1, it is not possible to achieve 100% compliance at all locations at all times. This KPI stems from the requirement under the Act that the CHA must operate the barrage in accordance with any reasonable direction given by NRW to protect the quality of water in the Bay, where the NRW can specify the standard to be achieved.

## Conclusion

- 54. The CHA provides a high-quality service and is well regarded by clients and stakeholders. Our assessment concurs with the CHA's own assessment, as detailed in Appendix C, that in all material terms the CHA's activities are either mandated under the Act or subject to a contractual obligation under the Section 165 Agreement.
- 55. Having established that the CHA's current activities do not include material discretionary activities, we undertook a detailed review of the CHA's fixed cost budget in order to ascertain whether there is scope to achieve improved value for money in the delivery of the statutory harbour authority functions and achieve longer-term financial savings.

# 6 REVIEW OF THE CHA's COSTS

#### Introduction

56. We have reviewed the CHA's costs in detail, and we are grateful to the CHA for the way in which they have responded to our requests for information. With reference to the budget headings set out in the previous table, this section provides analysis and commentary on the CHA's costs, based on the 2019/20 budget level.

# Employees: £2,584,000

- 57. This represents the employment cost relating to the staffing structure as set out in Section 3. CHA staff are employed by the Council, on Council terms and conditions and salary grades. The 2019/20 budget incorporates employment cost savings of £210k, through staff reductions, partly offset by pay award costs. Except for two individuals, all the employees are dedicated to the CHA, hence the need for an estimated time-based apportionment of costs is minimal.
- 58. The split of employee costs by CHA function is:

•	Barrage	£1	,242,000
•	Harbour Master	£	485,000
•	Cardiff Bay Water Activity Centre	£	149,000
•	Environment, Contracts & Community Liaison	£	517,000
•	Operational Management and Support	£	191,000

59. The CHA maintain that they have taken a risk assessed based approach to staffing levels and that further staff reductions would result in them being unable to provide the statutory level of service. Given the specialist nature of the CHA's work, and the absence of similar organisations (see Section 8), it is difficult within the scope of this review to either challenge or substantiate that assertion.

# Premises, Supplies and Support Services: £1,284,000

- 60. This element of the overhead budget comprises of:
  - Premises costs, representing the costs (Rent, NNDR, utilities) of CHA's occupation of their premises and assets namely Queen Alexandra House (QAH), Havannah St. car park, CBWAC, Barrage Control and the Environmental Building. Personnel from the Council's Park and Leisure Team occupy space at QAH and consequently c. 50% of the cost of occupying QAH is recharged to the Council, a recharge of c. £50k. The budget includes an allowance of £150k for repairs and maintenance:
  - Transport costs, representing the running cost of the CHA's land vehicles/cranes and the insurance of such;
  - Supplies and Services, including insurances, office equipment, furniture and materials, communications and computing and advertising;
  - Support Services, which includes, the provision of support services supplied by the Council to the CHA, specifically financial services, strategic estates, ICT, human resources and technical services (for car park management). Support service expenditure reduced in 2018/9 following the cessation of the previous

£100k subsidy paid to the Tourist Information Centre. This budget includes £100,000 contribution to the operation of the Cardiff International White Water, an Olympic standard white water rafting and indoor wave facility, located in the bay area.

- 61. The rental costs of CHA's occupation of QAH has not been benchmarked, however there are obvious operational benefits in their operating from QAH.
- 62. A full breakdown of the CHA's overhead budget is set out in Appendix B.

# Marketing & Communications: £50,000

63. This budget has been reduced following the removal of the events budget in 2019-20, and the consequent requirement that events now be self-financing.

# Groundwater: £110,000

64. These costs relate to the activities pursuant to the Property Protection Scheme. As the CHA's obligations under the scheme expires in November 2019, this is the last year in which such costs will be incurred – subject only to the continued operation and maintenance of the Merches Gardens Garden groundwater pump, following the finding of an independent report, at an assumed cost of £5,000 pa.

# Fish: £135,000

65. These costs are incurred pursuant to an agreement between the Council and the NRW pursuant to the Cardiff Bay Barrage Fisheries Mitigation Programme, under which the CHA contribute towards the NRW's costs incurred on fish passes, habitat improvement, stocking, fish management and monitoring. The agreement, which commenced in 2008/9 expires at the end of 2019/20, hence this is the last year in which such costs will be incurred.

#### Facilities Management: £305,000

66. The most significant cost element relates to the routine and ad-hoc "minor works" replacement and maintenance at the Roald Dahl Plass, Graving Docks and Havannah Street Car Park, which is undertaken by the Council. We are advised by the CHA that this budget is increasingly focussed on work required on health and safety grounds rather than work of an aesthetic nature.

#### Pest Control: £47,000

67. This service is provided under a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the Council and involves the regular patrolling the Bay and checking key points throughout CHA locations for rodent activity and dealing with rodents when necessary.

#### Barrage Maintenance: £440,000

68. Scheduled and un-scheduled maintenance of the Barrage is largely undertaken by the in-house team in accordance with their planning and inspection regime, with work prioritised according to a RAG rating. Specialist contractors are generally only required if either heavy lifting or divers are needed. The budget for parts and materials required to maintain the barrage, locks, bridges, sluices and fish pass is c. £350,000. In addition, c. £20,000 is incurred in maintaining and improving the public facilities, including the sail structure.

69. In addition, c. £70,000 is incurred in supplying power to the barrage control and in operating the fish pass. The fish pass is required to operate on a 24/7 basis and requires the continuous running of two 200kW pumps. Consequently, we are advised by the CHA that this is the single largest consumer of power within the Council. The CHA monitor usage of the fish pass, and therefore have considerable data relating to the times of use and numbers - and currently record its use by only 70 salmon per annum.

# **Dredging: £750,000**

- 70. Dredging of the inner harbour and bay is typically undertaken twice a year. This service is competitively tendered by the CHA under a five-year contract, with the current contract, awarded to Boskalis Westminster Ltd expiring in March 2022. The budgeted cost for such dredging is £600,000 per annum, with c. 155,000 tonnes of dredging taking place per annum. Whilst our review of the procurement and contractual documentation raised no concerns, we note that only a single response was submitted in response to the CHA's invitation to tender and furthermore the service has been undertaken by the same contractor for several years. We are advised that this is due to the constraints in accessing the inner harbour and bay, mean that there are very few dredging vessels that can provide the dredging service to the CHA. Notwithstanding this, it is therefore difficult to establish whether value for money is being achieved.
- 71. In discussions with ABP, we understand that their annual dredging costs for the outer harbour amounts to £550,000, for the removal of 650,000 tonnes though we have not sought to substantiate this. Whilst ABP benefit from the services of an in-house group company and are not subject to the same physical constraints as the CHA, enabling larger vessels to be utilised, based on this information, the dredging cost per tonne for the CHA is higher than that incurred by ABP by a factor of four.
- 72. In accordance with an agreement dated 1992, ABP can claim from the CHA the additional costs of dredging resulting from the increased siltation to the Wrach Channel, resulting from the construction of the barrage. In order to make an annual claim, the first such claim must be made no later than 20 years following the completion of the barrage, as evidenced by siltation records. ABP have recently submitted their first such claim, supported by siltation records over several years. We have concluded from our review of the agreement and the supporting evidence provided by ABP, that a basis for their claim exists, though due to its specialist nature, we are unable to challenge the assertion that the increased siltation stems from the creation of the barrage. The extent of CHA's future contribution towards the ABP's dredging costs is therefore a matter for negotiation, and in this regard the CHA has been successful in reducing ABP's claim, from an original 50% of actual costs (amounting to c. £300,000), to a fixed £150,000 per annum, with such a contribution to be subject to periodic review. This sum has now been agreed and included for in the fixed cost budget. It appears to represent an appropriate compromise.

# Environment: £366,000

73. The specific activities under this heading are set out in detail within the fixed cost budget. A number of these services, such as debris collection, the control of invasive plants, disposal of waste collected, and maintenance of the Cardiff Bay wetlands are provided under Service Level Agreements by the Council (as detailed further below).

- 74. Other activities, such as the siltation monitoring are contracted out and competitively procured. The cost of aeration mainly represents the power costs and will depend on the need in any given year, pursuant to the KPI that the CHA is required to meet.
- 75. Water quality is monitored for bacteria, pH and temperature, with samples collected, sent to laboratories for testing and results published. The CHA is in the process of switching its predictive pH model.

# Income: (£983,000)

- 76. The CHA's income can be analysed as follows:
  - Car Parking Fees: £542,000. Fees increased and brought into line with wider Council rates;
  - Harbour Dues: £245,330. Of this, c. £235,000 derives from charges applied to users for mooring and navigation in the harbour. The rate applied to a proportion of the dues is currently discounted by 60%, in accordance with an agreement which will expire at the end of the 2021/22. Whilst the harbour due rates are subject to a challenge to DfT from local stakeholders, we estimate that the removal of the discount and application of full rates (of £40 per annum per metre indexed by RPI) would increase harbour dues income by c. £150,000 per annum from 2022/23. The remainder of the income, c. £10,000 derives from charges to the commercial operators within the bay including a 10p levy per passenger charged.
  - Sea Lift: £20,000. Charges to Cardiff Marina.
  - Café Concession: £10,000. Leased by the RSPB c. 1 year ago.

• CBWAC Income: £83,000

• Sundry Income: £19,700

- 77. During the course of the review we met with the CHA officer responsible for commercialisation activities. The CHA has undertaken a SWOT analysis and are cognisant of both the opportunities available to them and the restrictions under which they operate for example access. We also reviewed a report prepared by Colliers "Commercial Leisure Opportunities at Cardiff Bay Barrage" December 2016.
- 78. The CHA has considered a number of commercial opportunities and identified a small number of specific fee-earning activities such as pedolos, mini-ports, dog supplies outlet or adventure activity park that are deliverable and are considered appropriate for the bay environment.
- 79. We do not consider that there are significant commercial opportunities that have not been identified or pursued. Local Partnerships has been discussing commercialisation (what it means to each council, what they are considering, what they have done, what they could do) with a number of Welsh authorities, and we are supporting the Welsh Local Government Association with the development of a commercialisation event and a programme of on-going support. All these activities have resulted from a clear drive to be more commercial and we would encourage CHA and the Council to engage with these initiatives.

# **Services Provided by Cardiff Council to the CHA**

80. Included within a range of fixed cost budget heads, are the costs of the services that the CHA receives from the Council, most of which are subject to SLAs between the two parties. The full list of these services is set out below, the total budget in respect of which amounts to £769,560.

Department & Service	Budget 2019/20
Financial Services - Accountancy	£17,860
Financial Services - Insurance	£15,240
Financial Services - Income Recovery	£530
Financial Services - Payroll	£1,110
Financial Services - Payments	£2,150
Financial Services - Procurement	£7,070
Strategic Estates	£35,380
ICT - SAP Support	£19,000
ICT - ICT Services	£28,000
Personnel Services	£24,740
Legal Services	£7,820
Legal Services - Post Corp Servs	£1,210
Health & Safety	£8,200
Communications	£28,470
Bilingual Cardiff	£2,280
Emergency Management Unit - Support	£20,000
Traffic Section - Car Park Management	£42,000
Employee Counselling Service	£500
Shared Admin	£10,000
Central Transport Services - Vehicle Usage	£65,000
Park Rangers - Timber Recycling SLA	£11,000
Park Rangers - Wetlands Reserve SLA	£16,000
Park Management - Grounds Maintenance & Weed Control SLA	£65,000
Pest Control	£38,000
Drainage (Highways) - Groundwater SLA	£62,000
Cleansing Services - Litter Collection SLA	£133,000
Neighbourhood Services - Waste Collection SLA	£60,000
Waste Management (Commercial Services) – Waste Disposal SLA	£48,000
TOTAL	£769,560

81. We have reviewed a sample of the SLAs relating to some of the above services, which include a service specification and schedule of rates. We are advised that the rates incurred by CHA are the same that apply to the Council's departments. The total costs incurred are typically on a volume/transaction/frequency basis, and we are aware that such flexibility has been used in the past to reduce certain SLA costs. CHA personnel inform us that they are generally content with the quality of service they receive from the Council.

#### **Savings Identified**

- 82. On the basis of the review undertaken, savings of c. £419,000 pa can be estimated with a high degree of confidence:
  - £134,000 pa from 2020/21 following the cessation of the Groundwater Protection Scheme, including staff savings;
  - £135,000 pa from 2020/21 following the expiry of the contract with NRW pursuant to the Cardiff Bay Barrage Fisheries Mitigation Programme;
  - £150,000 pa from 2022/3, from an increase in Harbour Dues, assuming that the current challenge is not upheld, and the full undiscounted charges are applied.
- 83. In addition, informed by almost 20 years of successful operation of the barrage, we recommended that the CHA's suggestions relating to the following be investigated. Each would require a well-managed trial in order to ensure that there is no detrimental impact to the environment or fish welfare:
  - The potential to operate the fish pass on a more targeted basis aligned to its use, which could release savings of c. £10,000 per annum, depending upon the actual operating hours;
  - The relaxation of KPI1 "Percentage of readings of dissolved oxygen in Cardiff Bay that achieve a reading of 5 milligrams per litre of dissolved oxygen or greater". It is not possible to quantify the extent of such savings until discussions have taken place to determine what revised KPI, if any, NRW would find acceptable.
- 84. There will be cost pressures, for example pay-awards and increases in the cost of specific supplies and services, that will offset some of these savings.

#### **Analysis of the CHA's Expenditure by Function**

85. There are differences in the way that the CHA's financial and budgetary information is presented and analysed for the purposes of CHA's own budget monitoring purposes compared to when presenting quarterly grant claims to WG. During the course of the review, we discussed with the CHA the benefits of disaggregating its staff an overhead budget (LA904) across each of its functions, and this work has now been done. In order to simplify, improve transparency and provide a single common budget for CHA and WG purposes we recommend that this be further refined, with the objective of disaggregating the entire CHA budget to correspond with its functions, such that the net cost of undertaking each becomes apparent.

# **Reclassification of Fixed Cost Budget Items as Capital**

86. Based on our analysis of the 2019/20 Fixed Cost Budget, within the Facilities Maintenance and Barrage Maintenance budgets, c, £500,000 relates to maintenance and renewal of the barrage and bay area and which could be capitalised.

# **Recommendations for Longer-Term and Alternative Funding Arrangements**

87. Whilst three-year funding settlements have been suspended subject to the conclusion of this review, we recommend that in order to facilitate effective service planning, that three-year funding settlements are re-instigated, with the timing corresponding to the WG's budgetary cycle.

- 88. From the WG's perspective, budgetary responsibility sits within the Regeneration and Homes and Places Division. Whilst the construction of the barrage and redevelopment of the Bay area originated as a significant regeneration project, having now operated successfully for 20 years, we recommend that the WG review its internal budgetary responsibility in respect of the CHA accordingly. We consider that transferring budgetary responsibility to the Local Government Division may now be more appropriate.
- 89. The obligation to fund the CHA's activities pursuant to the Act and the Section 165 Agreement sits with WG. The expertise in undertaking the CHA's activities sits within CHA and the Council. The CHA's activities make important contributions towards the Council's strategic objectives (as detailed in Section 7) within a high-profile area for the capital. The CHA, having made significant savings, continues to provide a high-quality service, is well regarded by its clients and stakeholders and has been operating without incident for 20 years. In light of the above, we recommend that consideration be given to transferring the responsibility for funding and delivery to the Council by means of an un-hypothecated transfer of funding, to see if a mutually acceptable solution can be found as this would better facilitate the achievement of future efficiencies. The treatment of asset renewal and maintenance may need to sit outside any such arrangements, given the potential scale of such, unless a sinking-fund arrangement can be agreed.

# 7 REVIEW OF THE CHA'S STRATEGIC CONTRIBUTIONS

- 90. In order to assess the CHA's wider contribution, we considered the strategic objectives set out in:
  - the WG's Programme for Government "Taking Wales Forward 2016-21"1;
  - the Council's "Corporate Plan 2019-22"; and
  - the Council's "Capital Ambition".2

# **Taking Wales Forward 2016-21**

- 91. Taking Wales Forward sets out the WG's four key priorities for Wales:
  - prosperous and secure;
  - · healthy and active;
  - · ambitious and learning;
  - united and connected.
- 92. The Business Plan links CHA actions to the priorities in Taking Wales Forward, and the annual and quarterly reports that the CHA produce for the WG provide information on the progress that has been made since the last report.
- 93. We have picked out the following aims of the WG in Taking Wales Forward that CHA contributes to:
  - "Wales has raised its profile globally as a first-class place to invest, do business, visit, study, and to live."
  - The WG will "support the development of our successful Creative Industries and Tourism businesses and build on our record of success in hosting major cultural, sporting, business and other events."
  - "Good health underpins all of our ambitions for Wales. We are committed to helping improve health and well-being for all. Living healthy lives allows us to fulfil our potential, meet our educational aspirations and play a full part in the economy and society of Wales."
  - Under "Community Assets", the WG commits to "work with communities to protect local facilities that bring people together, including pubs, libraries, museums, arts centres and leisure centres".

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<sup>1</sup> https://beta.gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2017-08/taking-wales-forward.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.cardiff.gov.uk/ENG/Your-Council/Strategies-plans-and-policies/capital-ambition/Documents/Capital%20Ambition%20ENG%20low%20res.pdf

#### **Cardiff Council's Corporate Plan**

- 94. The Business Plan summarises how the CHA action aligns with the seven aims of the Corporate Plan:
  - People in Cardiff are safe and feel safe the CHA will work with local emergency service providers to ensure that emergency plans and safety measures are in place.
  - Cardiff has a prosperous economy ensuring that as the city grows it benefits the wider region, and the CHA and the WG work together to lead the way for Wales out of the economic downturn.
  - People in Cardiff achieve their full potential the CHA and the WG will work in partnership to help provide opportunities for everyone in the city through education, work experience and volunteering provision.
  - Cardiff is a great place to live, work and play we will work with partners to provide an outstanding programme of activities and opportunities for people to enjoy.
  - Cardiff is a clean and sustainable environment the CHA will manage the water and land-based environment within its control to ensure that high environmental standards are maintained.
  - People in Cardiff are healthy the CHA will look to promote activities that contribute to the health and wellbeing of the local population.
  - Cardiff is a fair, just and inclusive the CHA will work to provide opportunities and access for all.
- 95. Furthermore, the Business Plan sets out how each action contributes to the above.
- 96. Specifically, in relation to the Bay area, the Corporate Plan states that the Council is committed to expanding its visitor economy infrastructure, focussing on Cardiff Bay, to kick-start its next phase of development. It aims to develop a new vision and masterplan for Cardiff Bay by 2020 including taking forward delivery of the next phase of development for the International Sports Village by 2019.

# **Cardiff Council's Capital Ambition**

- 97. The Capital Ambition document sets out the new administration's commitments for Cardiff. Whilst the CHA's business plan does not cross-refer to the commitments set out in this document, we have picked out the following which we believe are of greatest relevance to the CHA's contribution:
  - In "Building on our Capital City Status", the Council says that it "must continue to attract major sporting and cultural events, tourists, investment and students into Wales and to position Cardiff as a front-ranking capital city in a post-Brexit global economy."
  - In "Making the Most out of our Cultural Capital", the Council says that "Cardiff's
    distinct cultural offer is an area of competitive advantage and its cultural and
    leisure infrastructure is recognised by its citizens as amongst the best in Europe.
    We will continue to make the most of these assets, attracting major events to
    Wales while supporting the best Welsh talent to emerge onto the world stage."
  - The Council states its aim to "set a refreshed vision for Cardiff Bay as a leisure destination by securing a new visitor attraction, with the possible creation of a

- permanent "beach style" facility and revitalising the strategy for the International Sports Village."
- The Council states that it "will bring forward exciting plans for the future of Cardiff Bay... significant improvements in the visitor experience of Cardiff Bay, Alexandra Head and Mermaid Quay, building on Cardiff's unique industrial heritage".

#### Conclusion

- 98. The CHA makes a broad contribution towards achieving both the WG and the Council's strategic objectives. As a high-profile location within the capital, Cardiff Bay and CHA's role within it, makes a greater and more direct contribution towards the Council's ambitions, for example through hosting significant events such as the Volvo Ocean Race or the international food and drink festival.
- 99. With reductions going forward in the Events budget, we are advised that such events will now need to be self-funding, which may reduce the extent to which the CHA's activities contribute to such ambitions.

# 8 POTENTIAL SIMILAR ORGANISATIONS

- 100. Our brief required us undertake a limited amount of desktop research to establish if there exists a substantially similar organisation to the CHA in order to assess whether it is feasible for the parties to carry out a benchmarking exercise.
- 101. We have considered the following organisations:
  - Associated British Ports:
  - Bristol Harbour, as we understand that CHA personnel have spent some time with the team that operates Bristol Harbour in order to understand how they operate their facilities.
  - Canal and River Trust, as this organisation could be useful to consult when considering commercial ventures and potential income generation.
  - Jersey;
  - Milford Haven;
  - Peel Ports:
  - Portsmouth Harbour;
  - Sunderland, as this is a commercial port that is owned by Sunderland City Council;
  - Thames Barrier, as this could be relevant when considering the operations of the Barrage and the sluice gates.
- 102. We have not been able to identify an organisation that has responsibilities commensurate with that of the CHA. This reflects the fact that the Barrage was provided for under an Act of Parliament, and that the statutory responsibilities arising out of the Act and the environmental monitoring regimes put in place by NRW as regulator potentially places the CHA under more rigorous regulatory control than similar organisations.
- 103. We note that the 2006 review by Hornagold & Hills attempted to compare the operations of CHA with Laganside Development Corporation in Northern Ireland and Bristol City Council as part of a benchmarking exercise. Hornagold & Hills concluded that as these organisations differed considerably in their operations, that a direct comparison in their activities is very difficult to make the variables being almost impossible to align without a significant amount of further research and analysis.

## Conclusion

104. Based on the limited amount of desktop research undertaken, we have not been able to find a substantially similar organisation to the CHA that the parties could use for benchmarking purposes.

# 9 CHA GOVERNANCE

### **Current Governance Arrangements**

- 105. In accordance with the terms of Schedule 9 of the Section 165 Agreement, the CHA produces an Annual Business Plan and four Performance Monitoring Reports that are discussed and reviewed at the Programme Board.
- 106. The terms of reference for the Programme Board state that it is not a decision-making board but has been established to ensure an integrated approach over monitoring, governance and policy making in connection with the CHA and to keep Ministers briefed on progress and advise on the priority of proposed actions or areas of competing interest.
- 107. The Programme Board is responsible for ensuring that:
  - the CHA's performance and funding arrangements for the management of Cardiff Bay and the Barrage are both effective and efficient;
  - the CHA performs its functions and duties in a way consistent with minimising longer-term costs and providing value for money;
  - the conditions attached to the payment of WG grant conform to the requirements contained in the Section 165 Agreement and Deeds of Variation;
  - arrangements are in place to effectively monitor the CHA's use of the approved budgets and that it is compliant with the terms and conditions in the Agreement;
  - the CHA submits a Business Plan containing relevant information to support its financial plans, performance targets and outputs and to evaluate the Annual Report in respect of CHA's achievements for the previous financial year;
  - the CHA continues to review its services and activities under the Agreement to ensure it is achieving and aiming to obtain improved value for money; and
  - the CHA meets its environmental responsibilities in connection with protecting water quality; preventing flooding and fish monitoring.
- 108. Whilst the Section 165 Agreement states that "the performance reports should where appropriate include explanations as to why any targets and or milestones... have not been met, or where the agreed outputs and outcomes have not been, or are not expected to be achieved", and that "details of the implications of such occurrences and the impact on spend should also be provided", this is generally not included in the sample of reports we have reviewed. We understand that over time the amount of explanatory information included has gradually reduced, with explanations provided verbally.
- 109. In between the quarterly meetings, regular ad-hoc discussions take place between WG and CHA personnel, as/if specific issues arise.

- 110. Within the Council, the CHA comes under the Sport, Leisure and Culture portfolio currently held by Councillor Peter Bradbury. The CHA Operational Manager meets with Councillor Bradbury on a fortnightly basis, and reporting is done by exception.
- 111. The Cardiff Bay Advisory Committee meets twice a year, chaired by the Vale of Glamorgan Council, attendees include stakeholders with an interest in the Bay e.g. NRW, local yacht clubs etc. Councillor Bradbury also attends these meetings.

#### Conclusion

112. Governance is "light-touch" and largely operational in nature, but generally operates in accordance with the Section 165 Agreement. This probably reflects the fact that no substantial issues have arisen to date.

#### Recommendation

113. We recommend that CHA governance be enhanced through more senior WG and Council attendance on an annual basis, thus facilitating more strategic discussions including formal approval of the annual business plan. We recommend that a CHA risk register be prepared, with risks, identified, allocated to the appropriate individual and mitigation measures put in place and monitored.

### **Business Continuity Plan**

- 114. One aspect of good governance is having a clear up-to-date Business Continuity Plan ("BCP") in place, which is accessible and well-publicised within the organisation.
- 115. A BCP is in place for all CHA facilities including the Barrage which is current and clearly identifies the contingency arrangements for a range of scenarios.
- 116. Our view is that the BCP is comprehensive, identifying:
  - the events that could trigger implementation of the plan
  - the parties' decision-making process for implementation of the plan
  - the process for managing any changes to the arrangements in the Bay, Barrage, etc.
  - the process for assessing the expected impacts on the services, including whether the impacts will be short term or long term
  - the process for managing the necessary communications (internal and external)
  - plans for mobilising any additional staff and resources required at short notice
  - the steps needed to return the services to normal once the issue has been resolved
  - alternative monitoring arrangements to allow for continuation of the required monitoring functions.
- 117. The BCP could benefit from the inclusion of information on:
  - any consents which may be needed from third parties to implement the plan

- the parties' approvals process for implementation of the plan
- the process for recording and retaining the knowledge gained as a result of the implementation of the plan including amendments to the plan itself.

# 10 SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

# **Section 165 Agreement**

118. Given the number of Deeds of Variations that have been agreed since 2000, we recommend that a clear and consolidated version of the Section 165 Agreement be produced.

## **CHA Funding**

- 119. Over the last six years, the CHA's fixed cost budget has steadily decreased in cash terms, at a rate which exceeds the reduction in WG RSG funding of local government across Wales.
- 120. Variations in actual expenditure against the overall fixed cost budget have been minimal, though significant variances have occurred in relation to specific budget. headings.
- 121. Given the specialist nature of some of the CHA's infrastructure and which are now c. 20 years old, we recommend that a suitably experienced organisation is jointly procured by the CHA and WG to undertake a comprehensive asset condition survey and a risk assessed forward asset maintenance and renewal plan, to inform the level of future asset renewal budgets. WE understand that this process in now underway.
- 122. With a current balance of c. £40,000, the Harbour Contingency Fund is not able to effectively insulate WG from additional unforeseen funding requests. Its continued ability to fulfil its intended purpose, is likely to be dependent upon the availability of future capital receipts from land disposals. We recommend that the CHA liaise with the WG Estates Division to form a common understanding of the likely potential for future capital receipts.

#### **CHA's Activities**

123. The CHA provides a high-quality service and is well regarded by clients and stakeholders. Our assessment concurs with the CHA's own assessment, that in all material terms the CHA's activities are either mandated under the Act or subject to a contractual obligation under the Section 165 Agreement.

#### **Savings Identified**

- 124. Savings of £419,000 pa can be estimated with a high degree of confidence:
  - £134,000 pa from 2020/21 following the cessation of the Groundwater Protection Scheme;
  - £135,000 pa from 2020/21 following the expiry of the contract with NRW pursuant to the Cardiff Bay Barrage Fisheries Mitigation Programme;
  - £150,000 pa from 2022/3, from an increase in Harbour Dues, assuming that the current challenge is not upheld, and the full undiscounted charges are applied.
- 125. In addition, informed by almost 20 years of successful operation of the barrage, we recommended that the CHA's suggestions relating to the following be investigated.

Each would require a well-managed trial in order to ensure that there is no detrimental impact to the environment or fish welfare:

- The potential to operate the fish pass on a more targeted basis aligned to its use, which could release savings of c. £10,000 per annum, depending upon the actual operating hours;
- The relaxation of KPI1 "Percentage of readings of dissolved oxygen in Cardiff Bay that achieve a reading of 5 milligrams per litre of dissolved oxygen or greater". It is not possible to quantify the extent of such savings until discussions have taken place to determine what revised KPI, if any, NRW would find acceptable.

# **Analysis of the CHA's Expenditure by Function**

126. There are differences in the way that the CHA's financial and budgetary information is presented and analysed for the purposes of CHA's own budget monitoring purposes compared to when presenting quarterly grant claims to WG. During the course of the review, we discussed with the CHA the benefits of disaggregating its staff an overhead budget (LA904) across each of its functions, and this work has now been done. In order to simplify, improve transparency and provide a single common budget for CHA and WG purposes we recommend that this be further refined, with the objective of disaggregating the entire CHA budget to correspond with its functions, such that the net cost of undertaking each becomes apparent.

#### Reclassification of Fixed Cost Budget Items as Capital

127. Based on our analysis of the 2019/20 Fixed Cost Budget, within the Facilities Maintenance and Barrage Maintenance budgets, c, £500,000 relates to maintenance and renewal of the barrage and bay area and which could be capitalised.

# **Recommendations for Longer-Term and Alternative Funding Arrangements**

- 128. Whilst three-year funding settlements have been suspended subject to the conclusion of this review, we recommend that in order to facilitate effective service planning, that three-year funding settlements are re-instigated, with the timing corresponding to the WG's budgetary cycle.
- 129. From the WG's perspective, budgetary responsibility sits within the Regeneration and Homes and Places Division. Whilst the construction of the barrage and redevelopment of the Bay area originated as a significant regeneration project, having now operated successfully for 20 years, we recommend that the WG review its internal budgetary responsibility in respect of the CHA accordingly. We consider that transferring budgetary responsibility to the Local Government Division may now be more appropriate.
- 130. The obligation to fund the CHA's activities pursuant to the Act and the Section 165 Agreement sits with WG. The expertise in undertaking the CHA's activities sits within CHA and the Council. The CHA's activities make important contributions towards the Council's strategic objectives (as detailed in Section 7) within a high-profile area for the capital. The CHA, having made significant savings, continues to provide a high-quality service, is well regarded by its clients and stakeholders and has been operating without incident for 20 years. In light of the above, we recommend that consideration be given to transferring the responsibility for funding

and delivery to the Council by means of an un-hypothecated transfer of funding, to see if a mutually acceptable solution can be found – as this would better facilitate the achievement of future efficiencies. The treatment of asset renewal and maintenance may need to sit outside any such arrangements, given the potential scale of such, unless a sinking-fund arrangement can be agreed.

# **The CHA's Strategic Contributions**

- 131. The CHA makes a broad contribution towards achieving both the WG and the Council's strategic objectives. As a high-profile location within the capital, Cardiff Bay and CHA's role within it, makes a greater and more direct contribution towards the Council's ambitions, for example through hosting significant events such as the Volvo Ocean Race or the international food and drink festival.
- 132. With reductions going forward in the Events budget, such events will now need to be self-funding, which may reduce the extent to which the CHA's activities contribute to such ambitions.

# **Potential Similar Organisations**

133. Based on the limited amount of desktop research undertaken, we have not been able to find a substantially similar organisation to the CHA that the parties could use for benchmarking purposes.

#### **CHA Governance**

- 134. Governance is "light-touch" and largely operational in nature, but generally operates in accordance with the Section 165 Agreement. This probably reflects the fact that no substantial issues have arisen to date.
- 135. We recommend that CHA governance be enhanced through more senior WG and Council attendance on an annual basis, thus facilitating more strategic discussions including formal approval of the annual business plan. We recommend that a CHA risk register be prepared, with risks, identified, allocated to the appropriate individual and mitigation measures put in place and monitored.

# Appendix A: Section 165 Agreement Key Terms

The key undertaking under the Section 165 Agreement requires the Council to discharge all of the statutory functions and duties contained in the 1993 Act, and such other non-statutory functions normally expected of a harbour authority. We summarised the key aspects of this undertaking at paragraph 11 of this report.

We set out below the key terms relating to costs, budget and funding periods, performance monitoring and reporting, claims and payment arrangements.

#### Costs

Clause 16 relates to costs. Clause 16.1 requires the WG to pay the Council the amounts necessary:

- to discharge its functions under the 1993 Act;
- to maintain all of the properties that make up the Bay, Barrage and supporting areas:
- to fulfil the obligations contained in supporting/linked contracts; and
- to satisfy any liabilities arising from acts or omissions of third parties.

Clause 16.2 requires the WG to agree with the Council an amount of funding and list of activities for each funding period (each to be a three-year period). If the actual costs of performing these activities are more or less than that agreed, then the additional costs or savings (respectively) shall be shared between the parties. Asset renewal costs will be paid by the WG based on an indicative schedule agreed by the parties at the beginning of each funding period.

Clause 16.4 requires the Council to maximise the generation of income from the Bay.

If the Council uses any of the funding for a purpose other than it was provided for, the WG shall be entitled to recover this aspect of the funding under Clause 16.10.

Clause 16.11 states that KPIs, targets and performance monitoring arrangements shall be agreed between the parties and reviewed at the start of each business year.

Clause 16.14 permits the WG to visit the Council to inspect any relevant activities, capital assets, accounts, records and documents.

Clause 16.15 requires a review of Clause 16 every 6 years starting from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2011, and the review of Schedules 8-10 should take place every 3 years starting from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2014, under Clause 16.15.

Clause 16.16 covers the Harbour Contingency and Project Fund. This is an account held by the Council which can be used in relation to its obligations under the 1993 Act, and to fund the improvement and enhancement of infrastructure, assets, activities or services in or around the Bay. The Council is required to maintain a minimum sum of £100,000 in this Fund at any point in time (now reduced to £40,000 following a deed of variation). The Council is required to draw down money from this Fund up to this level before making any additional claims to WG in relation to unforeseen costs.

If the Council is negligent in performing its obligations under the S.165 Agreement, Clause 16.17 permits the WG to recover reasonably foreseeable costs.

# **Budget and Funding Period**

Schedule 8 requires the WG and Council to agree a three-year fixed cost budget, and the estimated cost of the asset renewal proposals, covering 2014/15, 2015/16 and 2016/17.

# **Performance Monitoring and Reporting**

Schedule 9 sets out the performance monitoring and reporting arrangements. Part A requires CHA to provide written performance reports on a quarterly and annual basis. Paragraph 8 states that reports should where appropriate include explanations as to why any targets or milestones have not been met, and why any outputs and outcomes have not been achieved.

Paragraph 14 of Schedule 9 requires the parties to agree dates to meet and discuss progress against the Business Plan, both as reported in its quarterly and annual reports, and any other relevant topics in connection with the s.165 Agreement.

Part B of Schedule 9 sets out a timetable of key dates for financial and performance monitoring reporting.

# **Claims and Payment**

Schedule 10 sets out the financial planning, claims and payment arrangements. Paragraph 7 states that funding will be provided on the basis of a certified quarterly claim from the Council for the forthcoming quarter. The details of what is required in said claim form are set out in the remainder of Schedule 10.

The Council is entitled to make claims for additional funding under paragraphs 24 and 25 of Schedule 10. The Council can make a claim if it incurs any actual costs in connection with the activities to be funded under clause 16 which it was not possible to identify or quantify, or it incurs any actual costs in excess of the amounts identified in Schedule 8 which were recorded as being subject to a limitation or qualification.

If the actual costs cannot be accommodated within the annual budget then the Council will as soon as reasonably practicable seek authorisation from the WG for an increase to the annual budget. In certain circumstances the Council can incur the costs without first having obtained the authorisation of the WG.

Paragraph 32 of Schedule 10 requires the Council to obtain the prior written consent of the WG for any material change of use of an asset.

Part B of Schedule 10 sets out a timetable of key dates for financial and performance monitoring reporting.

# Appendix B: Breakdown of the CHA's Overhead Budget 2019/20

Premises	£
RT: Build Formfind	40,000
Fabrication Unit	25,000
Repairs Alterations & Maintenance	20,000
Maintenance Contracts	40,000
CRC Allowances	7,000
Electricity	15,000
Gas	5,000
Propane Gas	1,500
Rents	85,000
National Non Domestic Rates	90,000
Water Metered Supplies	3,000
Cleaning Materials	100
Contract Cleaning	60,100
Household & Toilet Requisites	1,000
Premises Insurance Premiums	20,000
Property Insurance Claims	15,000
	427,700

Transport	£
Repair of Boats	1,000
Fuel & other Running Costs	300
Hire of Plant & Equipment	1,000
Car Allowances	2,000
Travel Expenses	2,000
Motor Insurance Premiums	2,000
Motor Insurance Claims	3,000
	11,300

Supplies & Services	£
Purchase/Repair of Furniture	4,000
Office Equipment	2,000
Plan Printing Equipment	2,000
New Plant & Tools	500
Equipment & Materials	15,000
Consumables	4,000
Purchase of Kitchen Equipment	200
Health & Safety Equipment	3,000
General Provisions	300
Uniforms & Overalls	4,000
Overalls & Protective Clothing	2,000
General Printing & Stationery	3,500
Print Rationalisation Recharges	700
Health & Safety	2,000
Audit Fee	3,000
Audit Commission Fee - Grant Claim	5,000
Consultants Fees	20,000
Commission	500
Outside Legal Advice	8,000
General Legal Expenses	1,000
External Contractors	25,000
ICT Holding a/c	8,000
Central Telephone Exchange	15,000
Telephones	5,500
Postages	8,000
Mobile Telephones	1,000
Internet Charges	500
Computer Software Purchase	5,000
Computer Consumables	1,000
Computer Hardware Purchases	10,000
Computer Software Licence/Mice Agreement	1,000
Maintenance & Development	3,000
Refreshments for Meetings	1,000
Planning Applications & Appeals	2,000
Subscriptions	2,000
Public Liability Insurance Premiums	2,000
Public Liability Insurance Claims	24,000
Insurance – Misc. Premiums	90,000
Insurance – Misc. Claims	8,000
	292,700

Support Services	£
Service Accountancy	17,860
Insurance	15,240
Income Recovery	530
Payroll	1,110
Payments	2,150
Procurement	7,070
Strategic Estates	35,380
SAP Support	19,000
ICT Services	28,000
HR People Services	24,740
Legal Services	7,820
Post-Corporate Services	1,210
Health & Safety	8,200
Communications	28,470
Welsh Translation	2,280
CIWW Recharge	100,000
Project Development (EMU)	20,000
Traffic Admin Section (Car Parks)	42,000
Employee Counselling service	500
CTS Vehicle Recharge	65,000
Shared Admin	10,000
	436,560

# APPENDIX C: The CHA's Functions

Responsibility	Description	CHA Function(s)	Mandatory (M) under the Act, Contractual (C) under the Section 165 Agreement, or Discretionary (D)
Operate the barrage	Maintain and repair the barrage, which includes opening and closing the lock gates, managing the roadways, etc.	Barrage	<b>M</b> – s. 7(1) <b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.1
	Safeguard and improve the environment and amenities of the bay.	Barrage, Environment	<b>M</b> – s. 7(2)
	Follow any reasonable direction given by the National Rivers Authority.	Barrage, Environment	<b>M</b> – s. 8(1)
	Have regard to the safety of boats.	Barrage	<b>M</b> – s. 9(2)
Manage the inland bay and harbour	Fulfil the role of a Harbour Authority.	Harbour Master	<b>M</b> – s. 17(1) <b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.7
	Ensure that the quality of water in the bay meets the relevant standard.	Environment, Harbour Master	<b>M</b> – s. 12(1) <b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.4
	Facilitate and promote the use of the bay for recreational boat use, water sports, etc. Aim to increase the number of visitors.	Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>M</b> – s. 13(1) <b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.8
	Maintain moorings, granting licences and dealing with fees and charges.	Harbour Master	<b>M</b> – s. 13(4)
	Develop and conserve flora and fauna.	Environment, Harbour Master	<b>M</b> – s. 14 <b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.10
	May impose charges on boats for use of the barrage, bay and harbour.	Barrage, Harbour Master	<b>D</b> – s. 15
	If part of the tidal structure is damaged, give notice to the relevant party, and take steps to prevent danger, and undertake repairs if directed by the SoS.	Harbour Master	M - Schedule 6
	Provide the infrastructure necessary to carry out the powers and duties under the 1993 Barrage Act including car parking slipways, public facilities and information points.	Barrage, Environment	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.9

	CHA Function(s)	Mandatory (M) under the Act, Contractual (C) under the Section 165 Agreement, or Discretionary (D)
ws for the rule and le bay and harbour.	Barrage, Harbour Master	D – s. 16(1)
mittee on matters ironment or amenities vigation in the bay and	Environment, Harbour Master	<b>M</b> – s. 20
nt and/or repair erty resulting from any indwater levels which	Environment	M – s. 21 and Schedule 7 C – s. 165, cl. 15.5
s Act 1991	Barrage,	<b>M</b> – s. 8(3),
64	Environment, Harbour	15(4), 15(6), 18, 22, and Sch. 4
ts Amendment Act	Master, Parks & Leisure	ZZ, and con. 4
shwater Fisheries Act		
and Piers Clauses		
ct 1991		
80		
environmental laws in the operation of the meet the requisite andards of the gency.		<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.3
93 Barrage Act	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 15.11 and Sch. 3
tual obligations documents listed in nd 3 of the S.165  ty arising from an act third party when the	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 16(1)
d n ty	ocuments listed in d 3 of the S.165	Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure  varising from an act hird party when the

Responsibility	Description	CHA Function(s)	Mandatory (M) under the Act, Contractual (C) under the Section 165 Agreement, or Discretionary (D)
Share excess costs or excess funds.	If the actual costs of performing the specified activities exceed the amount specified then the parties will share equally the excess cost. If the actual costs of performing the activities are less than the amount fixed in the budget the difference between the two sums shall be shared equally between the parties.	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 16(2)
Maximise income	Maximise the generation of income from the Bay and the Properties	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 16(4), 17, 18
Produce a plan	Produce a plan for each Business Period showing for each year covered by the plan how it can most efficiently and effectively renew assets which are used in connection with the functions under the Act, the properties transferred to it and the agreements listed in Schedules 1, 2 and 3 of the S.165 Agreement.	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 16.8
Manage the operations	Ensure that the duties are managed appropriately.	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 19.1
Manage the funding	Ensure that all funding is applied to discharge the obligations under the S.165 Agreement not to use the funding for any other purpose with the intent that the said funding shall be ring fenced and that all income generated shall be used in connection with the purpose.	Barrage, Environment, Harbour Master, Parks & Leisure	<b>C</b> – s. 165, cl. 19.2

# Appendix D: Individuals Consulted

In conducting this review, Local Partnerships has consulted the following individuals:

# CHA:

Jon Maidment (Operational Manager)
Andy Vye-Parminter (Harbour Master)
Chris Seddon (Barrage Manager)
Natalie Taylor (Team Leader, Contracts and Environment)
Dave Westerland (Community Liason Officer)

# WG:

John Howells (Director of Housing and Regeneration)
Mark Williams (Head of Regeneration Strategy, Homes and Places Division)
Colin Squire
Nigel Thomas (Principal Estates Surveyor)

# <u>NRW</u>

Liz Felton

# <u>ABP:</u>

Callum Couper (Port Manager)

# Appendix E: Documents Reviewed

In producing this report, Local Partnerships has reviewed the following documents:

- Associated British Ports reconciliation spreadsheet 2016-18;
- Associated British Ports / CHA Wrach Channel Protective Provision & Siltation Mitigation Discussion Paper, dated 19<sup>th</sup> November 2018;
- Boskalis Westminster Ltd agreement for maintenance dredging of the outer harbour and approach channel dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2017;
- Budget Summary 2018/19 spreadsheet;
- the Business Continuity Management Plan for the Barrage;
- "Capital Ambition", Cardiff Council's overarching corporate plan, including their vision for Cardiff Bay;
- Cardiff Barrage Operational Overview;
- the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993;
- the Cardiff Bay Barrage Bill agreement with Associated British Ports, dated 9<sup>th</sup> November 1992;
- Cardiff Council Annual Governance Statement 2017/18;
- Cardiff Council Statement of Accounts 2017/18;
- CHA Annual Reports for 2016/17 and 2017/18;
- CHA Asset Renewal Budget 2018/19;
- CHA Asset Renewal Programme 2018/19 (x4);
- CHA briefing note on potential restructure (confidential);
- CHA Business Plan 2018/19;
- CHA Central Support with apportionment bases
- CHA Employee Structures PowerPoint;
- CHA Land Ownership map;
- CHA Proposed Budget 2019/20;
- CHA Proposed Budget Trend;
- CHA Provisional Asset Renewal Proposals 2019/20;
- CHA Provisional Savings Proposals 2019/20;
- CHA Quarterly Profile & Grant Claim Quarter 4
- CHA quarterly reports 2016/17 (x4), 2017/18 (x4), 2018/19 (x3);
- CHA staff and overheads 2017/18:
- Checklist for grant in aid claims, Quarter 4: 2017 -2018;
- Copy of monitoring CHA;
- Copy of premises budget listing;
- · Copy of staffs and overheads: supplies and services;
- Deed of Variation dated 5<sup>th</sup> April 2011 inserting new Clause 16 and Schedules 8-10;
- Deed of Variation dated 2014 in relation to the Harbour Contingency & Project Fund;
- Deed of Variation dated 5th April 2017 deferring the review until April 2018.
- Deed of Variation dated 26<sup>th</sup> April 2018 deferring the review until April 2019, and committing to maintain minimum of £40k in the Harbour Contingency & Project Fund;
- Delivering Capital Ambition: Cardiff Council Corporate Plan 2019-22
- Fleet Services Internal Vehicle/Plant Service Level Agreement;
- Fisheries Mitigation Agreement dated 29<sup>th</sup> May 2008;
- NRW Marine Licence DML1540;
- Payment Requisition for the CHA 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter 2017-18;
- Pest Control Service Level Agreement 2018/19;
- the reports and findings from previous reviews of the CHA in 2006 and 2010;

- Return of Income and Expenditure ("Grant Return") 2016/17 and 2017/18;
- the Section 165 Agreement and subsequent Deeds of Variation;
- Street Cleansing Service Level Agreement 2018/19;
- Section 165 Agreement between Cardiff Bay Development Corporation and Cardiff Council;
- Timber Service Level Agreement 2018/19;
- UK Dredging Disposal Returns for Quantities Deposited;
- UK Dredging Internal Conditions Provision of Dredging Craft 2018, and associated plans;
- Wallace Evans & Partners pre-investigation technical feasibility study
- WG "Taking Wales Forward 2016-21"

### **Contact details**

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My Ref: T: Scrutiny/Correspondence/Cllr NH

Date: 13 May 2019



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Cardiff,
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Neuadd y Sir
Caerdydd,
CF10 4UW
Ffôn: (029) 2087 2088

Councillor Peter Bradbury
Cabinet Member, Culture & Leisure
Cardiff Council
County Hall
Cardiff
CF10 4UW

Dear Councillor Bradbury,

## **Economy & Culture and Environmental Scrutiny Committee: 9 May 2019**

Thank you for attending Committee, along with Neil Hanratty, Jon Maidment and Howel Jones (Local Partnerships), to present a briefing on the initial findings of the Local Partnerships review of the Cardiff Harbour Authority (CHA). Members appreciate early appraisal of Howel's initial findings and thoughts and note the following:

### Costs

- Over the last five to six years, there has been a reduction of approximately 20% in the CHA budget, amounting to circa £1 million;
- Overall, the CHA budget balances; however, it is not straightforward to identify CHA costs by function;
- Howel wishes to undertake further analysis of the costs for support services, supplies and services, services provided by Cardiff Council to the CHA via Service Level Agreements, such as for ICT and Street Cleansing, and the costs of contracted-out services e.g. dredging.

### Activities

- These are all as required or mandated by the 1993 Cardiff Bay Barrage Act or the s165 agreement and its' various deeds of variation.

## Savings

- The level of savings sought by Welsh Government is to be confirmed;
- CHA has identified approximately £250,000 savings from 2020/21 re groundwater monitoring and control and from Natural Resources Wales' involvement re fish migration;
- CHA has identified potential savings, which require further discussion as they
  would result from changes to existing operations, for example changing the
  times of operation of fish passes, changing the regime for monitoring the
  levels of dissolved oxygen etc.

Members were interested to hear Howel's thoughts about either the need for a return to three-year settlements, as opposed to sub-optimal annual settlements that do not allow for a planned approach, or a wider conversation about transferring the budget from Welsh Government to Cardiff Council. This requires careful consideration and Members were reassured to hear your thoughts about the pros and cons of a budget transfer, in particular the need to ensure protection from top slicing.

Members also note that it would be useful to consolidate the s165 agreement, which would require the consent of both the Welsh Government and Cardiff Council, and to determine which department of Welsh Government is best suited to be the lead from their side in discussions about CHA.

Members were particularly interested in the discussions around asset management and the issues with the contingency fund. With regard to assets, Members note the need for an independent survey to provide expert determination of the level of sinking fund required. Members wish to know who will bear the costs of this survey and I would be grateful if you would clarify this in your response to this letter.

With regard to the contingency fund, Members note the amount in it does not provide a sufficient buffer and that therefore discussions should be held to determine the viability of future capital receipts that could be released via land sales. If these discussions find that there would be insufficient capital receipt, then Howel suggested discussions should be held between the Welsh Government and Cardiff Council to agree to be jointly liable for any unexpected but necessary expenditure.

It is clear from the emerging findings that there remain significant areas for discussion and negotiation between Cardiff Council and Welsh Government. Members have asked that I highlight that we will wait to see what the final review report says and then decide the level of scrutiny required to ensure an appropriate level of challenge. We anticipate that the final review report will be available late Summer- early Autumn 2019.

In the meantime, we will share our 'Cardiff Harbour Authority' Inquiry report (2010), which explores some potential areas for savings and looks at the risks to the Council, with Howel Jones, as it may be of use.

Yours sincerely,

COUNCILLOR NIGEL HOWELLS

CHAIR, ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

Members of the Economy & Culture Scrutiny Committee Jon Maidment Neil Hanratty

Howel Jones – Local Partnerships Cabinet Support Office

# SWYDDFA CYMORTH Y CABINET CABINET SUPPORT OFFICE

Fy Nghyf / My Ref:

CM41521

Dyddiad / Date:

23rd May 2019

Councillor Nigel Howells C/O Member Services County Hall Atlantic Wharf Butetown Cardiff CF10 4UW CARDIFF CAERDYDD

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Neuadd y Sir

Caerdydd,

Annwyl/Dear Nigel

### **ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 9 MAY 2019**

Thank you for your letter dated 13th May.

In respect of the observations and comments made by the Committee I would advise as follows:-

I agree that the budget matters discussed required careful and detailed consideration in particular any proposal to transfer budget responsibilities and the term of financial settlement periods moving forward.

Asset Management is a critical issue and I am pleased to report that a brief is being developed to commission an independent assessment to infrastructure and to inform a robust costed plan for 2020/21 and beyond. The costs associated with the development of the brief will be met through the Welsh Government Grant.

Any changes relating to the Project and contingency fund and S156 Agreement can only be made subject to agreement between both parties and I envisage further rounds of discussions in order to secure such agreement in doing so protecting the interests of the Council.

I will make the final report available to the committee, once received.

Yn gywir Yours sincerely

Y Cynghorydd / Councillor Councillor Peter Bradbury Aelod Cabinet Dros Ddiwylliant a Hamdden Cabinet Member for Culture & Leisure

ATEBWCH I / PLEASE REPLY TO:

Swyddfa Cymorth Y Cabinet / Cabinet Support Office, Ystafell / Room 518, Neuadd y Sir / County Hall Glanfa'r Iwerydd / Atlantic Wharf, Caerdydd/Cardiff, CF10 4UW Ffon / Tel: (029) 2087 2501

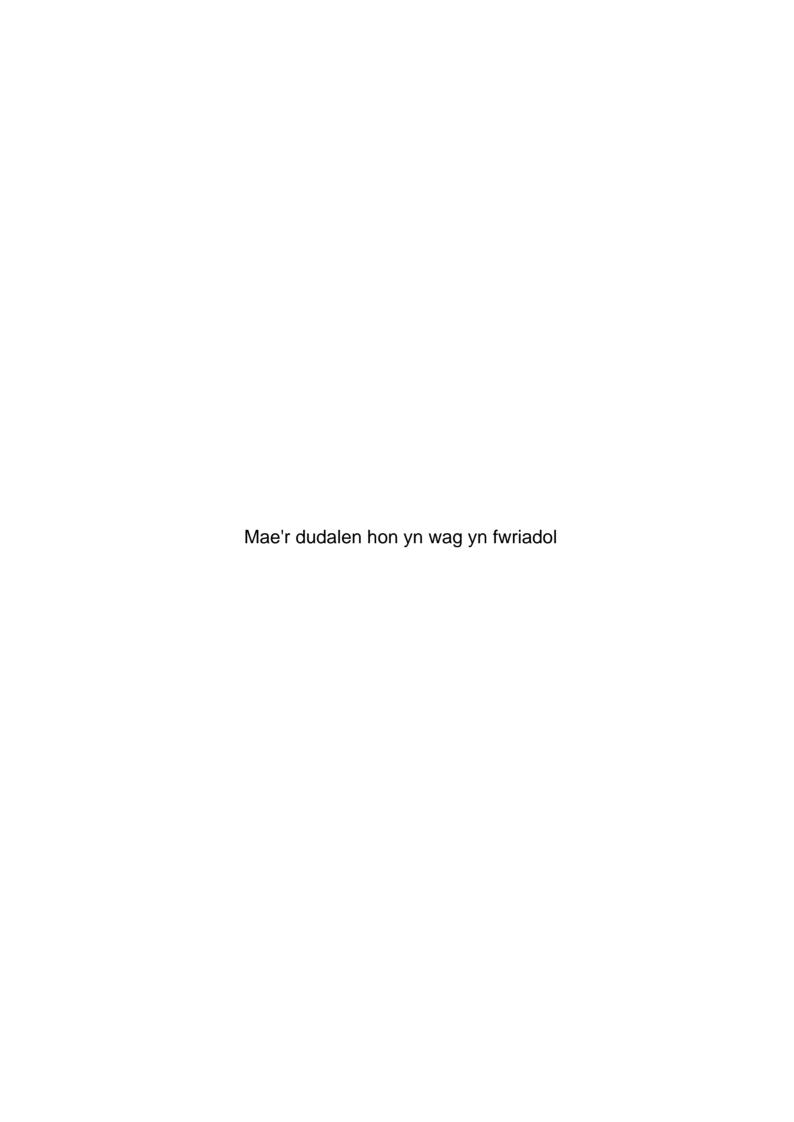
#### GWEITHIO DROS GAERDYDD, GWEITHIO DROSOCH CHI

Mae'r Cyngor yn croesawu gohebiaeth yn Gymraeg, Saesneg neu'n ddwyieithog. Byddwn yn cyfathrebu â chi yn ôl eich dewis, dim ond i chi roi gwybod i ni pa un sydd well gennych. Ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

#### WORKING FOR CARDIFF, WORKING FOR YOU

The Council welcomes correspondence in Welsh, English or bilingually. We will ensure that we communicate with you in the language of your choice, as long as you let us know which you prefer. Corresponding in Welsh will not lead to delay.





# CYNGOR CAERDYDD CARDIFF COUNCIL

### **ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

**16 JANUARY 2020** 

## **Culture Short Scrutiny**

# **Reason for Report**

 To provide Members with the initial findings of the Culture Short Scrutiny, attached at Appendix A, to enable key findings and recommendations to be discussed at this meeting.

## **Culture Short Scrutiny**

- 2. Following discussions to inform the Committee's work programme, Members decided to undertake a short scrutiny on Culture in Cardiff. Members wished to explore the current and future role of Culture in the economy of Cardiff. Members also wished to understand the role of Cardiff Council and partners in ensuring a sustainable way forward for Culture in Cardiff.
- 3. Following initial scoping discussions, Members agreed the following terms of reference:
  - Review the existing landscape re Culture in Cardiff, including partnership working, budget and resources.
  - Explore the place- making and economic roles of Culture in Cardiff, and its' impact on region and nation.
  - Reference good practice from other core cities in UK and experiences from across Europe, captured via Eurocities Creative Cites work.
  - Explore what is needed to ensure a sustainable way forward re role of Cardiff Council and Culture in Cardiff and make recommendations accordingly.

- Members undertook the short scrutiny of Culture in Cardiff over two committee meetings in October 2019 and December 2019, with additional meetings held in January 2020.
- 5. Members received evidence from the following internal stakeholders who attended question & answer sessions and contributed to a panel discussion:
  - Cllr Peter Bradbury, Cabinet Member Culture & Leisure
  - Neil Hanratty Director of Economic Development
  - Kathryn Richards Head of Culture, Venues, Tourism and Events
  - Jon Day Operational Manager Economic Development, and
  - Ruth Cayford Creative Industries and Culture Manager.
- 6. Members also received evidence from the following external stakeholders who attended committee in December 2019 and contributed to a panel discussion:
  - Andy Eagle Chief Executive, Chapter Arts Centre
  - Paul Kaynes, Chief Executive, National Dance Company of Wales.
- 7. Scrutiny Services wrote to a range of cultural organisations in Cardiff, to ask if they wished to submit their views in writing to this short scrutiny. Responses were received from:
  - Ffotogallery
  - Arts Council of Wales
  - Literature Wales
  - Chris Murray Core Cities Lead for Cultural Cities Enquiry.
- 8. As part of the short scrutiny, Members met with Mr Nick Capaldi, Chief Executive Arts Council of Wales, who wished to contribute to the scrutiny in person and was unable to attend either committee meeting due to prior commitments that could not be re-arranged.
- 9. Members also considered relevant information submitted as part of their previous 'Events in Cardiff' Inquiry (2019) and their on-going 'Tourism in Cardiff' Inquiry, for example a written submission received from the National Museum of Wales.

- 10. In order to inform the Inquiry, desk-based research was undertaken referencing good practice from other core cities in the UK and experiences from across Europe, captured via the following publications:
  - Core Cities UK Cultural Cities Enquiry Report Enriching UK cities through smart investment in Culture – February 2019
  - Eurocities Future Creative Cities Report Why culture is a smart investment for cities – December 2017
- 11. Desk based research was also undertaken on other cities in the UK, named by witnesses as evidencing good practice re Culture, including Hull and Coventry.

## Way Forward

11. During their meeting, Members may wish to consider the evidence presented in **Appendix A**. Members may then discuss and agree the key findings and recommendations they wish to make following their short scrutiny, based on the evidence heard throughout the short scrutiny.

## **Legal Implications**

12. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct legal implications. However, legal implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any legal implications arising from those recommendations. All decisions taken by or on behalf of the Council must (a) be within the legal powers of the Council; (b) comply with any procedural requirement imposed by law; (c) be within the powers of the body or person exercising powers on behalf of the Council; (d) be undertaken in accordance with the procedural requirements imposed by the Council e.g. Scrutiny Procedure Rules; (e) be

fully and properly informed; (f) be properly motivated; (g) be taken having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its taxpayers; and (h) be reasonable and proper in all the circumstances.

## **Financial Implications**

13. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct financial implications at this stage in relation to any of the work programme. However, financial implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any financial implications arising from those recommendations.

### RECOMMENDATION

The Committee is recommended to consider the evidence presented in **Appendix A**, discuss and agree key findings and highlight the areas on which they wish to make recommendations.

Davina Fiore
Director - Governance and Legal Services
10 January 2020

# CYNGOR CAERDYDD CARDIFF COUNCIL

### **ECONOMY & CULTURE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

**16 JANUARY 2020** 

### **CORRESPONDENCE REPORT**

## **Background**

- Following most Committee meetings, the Chair writes a letter to the relevant Cabinet Member or officer, summing up the Committee's comments and recommendations regarding the issues considered.
- 2. At the Committee meeting on 5 December 2019, Members received a report detailing the correspondence sent and received up to that meeting. No letters were sent following that meeting; an email was sent to all who contributed to the Culture item, thanking them for their time and evidence submitted.
- Correspondence was sent following the Committee Meeting on 17 December
   2019. The current position is set out below:
  - i. Confidential Response Received from Councillor Goodway to the Chair's confidential letter regarding the report to Cabinet on the Indoor Arena, considered at Committee on 17 December 2019;
  - ii. Confidential Response Received from Councillor Goodway to the Chair's confidential letter regarding the report to Cabinet on the Llanrumney Development proposals, considered at Committee on 17 December 2019.
- 4. Copies of the public Chair's letters and responses received can be found on the Council's website page for the relevant Committee meeting, with a hyperlink provided at the top of the page, entitled 'correspondence following the committee meeting'. Copies of confidential letters have been shared with Committee Members, on a confidential basis.

## **Way Forward**

5. During their meeting, Members will have the opportunity to reflect on the correspondence update.

## **Legal Implications**

6. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct legal implications. However, legal implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any legal implications arising from those recommendations. All decisions taken by or on behalf of the Council must (a) be within the legal powers of the Council; (b) comply with any procedural requirement imposed by law; (c) be within the powers of the body or person exercising powers on behalf of the Council; (d) be undertaken in accordance with the procedural requirements imposed by the Council e.g. Scrutiny Procedure Rules; (e) be fully and properly informed; (f) be properly motivated; (g) be taken having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its taxpayers; and (h) be reasonable and proper in all the circumstances.

## **Financial Implications**

7. The Scrutiny Committee is empowered to enquire, consider, review and recommend but not to make policy decisions. As the recommendations in this report are to consider and review matters, there are no direct financial implications at this stage. However, financial implications may arise if and when the matters under review are implemented with or without any modifications. Any report with recommendations for decision that goes to Cabinet/Council will set out any financial implications arising from those recommendations.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS**

The Committee is recommended to reflect on the update on committee correspondence.

Davina Fiore
Director - Governance and Legal Services
10 January 2020

